

**GLEICHEN**  
pronounced  
**GLI-KEN**  
DERIVES ITS NAME  
FROM AN ENGLISH COUNT

Is the Oldest, Largest  
and Most Important  
town between Calgary  
and Medicine Hat on  
C.P.R. Main Line.

# The Bow Valley Call

Devoted to the Up-Building of Gleichen and the Development of the District Generally

THE CALL  
PUBLISHED IN THE  
Centre  
OF THE  
Greatest  
IRRIGATION  
Project  
ON THE  
Continent

Year V., No. 19.

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1911.

\$1.50 Per Year

## The Town Council

At the regular Council meeting Friday evening all the members were present save Ald. Leggett, and after the usual reading and adoption of the previous minutes, the members indulged in discussions that were more complexing than any they have ever indulged in since the town was incorporated. The Call reporter was out of town that day and did not reach the Council chamber until most of the motions were passed, but was present for the interesting discussions. The grading of the streets, made necessary by the sewerage work, occupied a little time, but it was finally agreed on motion of Alds. Beach-Henderson:

"That the town engineer be instructed to take levels of the streets in which the sewerage pipes are installed at the rate of 70c. per hour."

A motion by Alds. Bray-Service carried that a letter from the Traders' Bank be laid on file until next meeting, concerning an order given them by George Wakefield concerning his concrete contract.

Upon a number of accounts being passed upon by the Finance Committee Ald. Service-James carried a motion:

"That the accounts of R. A. Allen of \$501.30 and Jas. H. McCann of \$12.60 be paid."

Ald. Henderson-Beach carried another:

"That the accounts of A. R. Yates, \$1.60 and \$1.25; J. H. Riley, \$9.15; J. T. Johnston, \$61.95; and the pay-roll of the seventh week of \$369.65 be paid."

Without discussion Alds. James-Bray carried a motion:

"That W. H. McKie be appointed auditor, and to bring in an auditor's report next meeting."

The motion finally carried by Alds. Bray-Service, was the one that brought about the discussion, and reads as follows:

"That the secretary be instructed to call a meeting of the ratepayers of the town of Gleichen in Griesbach Hall, on Friday evening, July 28th, at 8 o'clock, to discuss the building of a town hall, and also the extension of the waterworks."

The opening of the tenders for the construction of the fire and town hall showed only three tenders and were from the Alberta Engineering Co., of Calgary, \$11,350; Burroughs & Richards, of Calgary, \$10,800 and A. M. McLeay, of Gleichen, \$8,555.

The Mayor said Mr. Todd had complained to him he could not see the plans, but the secretary explained that the different times Mr. Todd applied for them some other contractor was ahead of him.

It was at once admitted that the price was far too high to be considered, as only \$5000 was appropriated for the hall and the Mayor thought the plans should be fired back to Architect Dodds to make plans for a hall that would come somewhere near the instructions given him, and who had written he thought the building could be erected for \$5000. Ald. Service was in favor of going ahead as far as the money on hand would allow, but Ald. Henderson pointed out new plans would be necessary as no contractor would take the work without proper specifications. The possibility was argued of cutting out the electric wiring, closets, painting, remodeling the hall, leaving the furnace until later, but nothing definite could be arrived at. It was pointed out too that it would not be fair to the tenderers to let other contractors tender again as they will have the benefit of their work. Some thought Architect Wilson's plans were better, Mr. McLeay gave the information that the plumbing would cost \$700 heating and metallic ceiling \$700, the furnace alone \$400. The councillors for a time were in a quandary as to what to do and then it was suggested they call a public meeting and confer with the ratepayers in order to learn if it is their wish to borrow more money and have a hall built that would be a credit to the town and meet all requirements for years to come. One Alderman gave it as his opinion

that at present a bylaw to raise more funds would not carry, but another pointed out that it would be necessary to take a vote anyway in order to get sufficient money to complete the grading of the streets after the waterworks and sewerage was completed and to equip the fire hall as hose and reels would have to be got. Upon request the mayor gave the information that on this year's assessment another \$15000 could be borrowed. It was also thought an effort might be made to get the opinion of the townspeople as to extending the sewerage and waterworks to the residential portion of the town.

The last motion before adjournment, to carry, was by Alds. Bray-James: "That the secretary and mayor pay the school trustees \$1,000 being the balance due the school on taxes for 1911."

## Get Into Mixed Farming

No stronger argument has been advanced in support of mixed farming than an interview given by W. B. Lanigan, assistant freight traffic manager of the C.P.R., the other day. The dispatch containing this well known C.P.R. man's statement is worth reproducing. It is as follows:

"Startling figures were given today by W. B. Lanigan, assistant freight traffic manager of the C.P.R. He pointed out that the three Western provinces are not doing their duty, and that the farmers do not realize the seriousness of the condition in which they are placing themselves. Vast quantities of food stuffs are being imported from the East, from the United States, and from abroad. 'Last year,' he said, 'one firm alone shipped in 1,000 cars of packing house products to supply the urban cities of the West. In the same year \$10,000,000 worth of horses were brought into Western Canada from the United States. Again, between 200 and 300 car loads of mutton were shipped in for the mining camps of British Columbia, and a good deal of this came to Winnipeg from the United States.'

"Also during past the winter months Winnipeg imported from Dakota and Minnesota \$10,000 worth of milk. Another point to remember is that the vegetables for Winnipeg and other cities in the west are daily imported from Chicago and the Twin Cities. Then potatoes consumed as far west as Revelstoke, B.C., are shipped from as far as Prince Edward Island. Again, fresh beef is being imported daily, killed in the abattoirs of Toronto, and no less than seven carloads were brought in last week. In other words, Manitoba, which boasts of its agricultural wealth, does not produce the stuff to feed its own cities, and even the farmers themselves are buying from the dealers. Produce, eggs, butter, cheese and honey are imported from Ontario, Wisconsin, Nebraska, and as far south west as California.

"The province has devoted itself to grain growing, until, in the older settled portion, the weeds are choking out the products. Stations, which formerly shipped large quantities of grain during a season, have now dropped to between 100,000 and 200,000 bushels, while acreage remains the same. On the other hand, there is no province more fertile, and has such advantages as Manitoba, where Winnipeg is supplying an ever ready market for the farm products.

Many of the arguments of Mr. Lanigan have been emphasized time and again, but they cannot be repeated too often. Mixed farming is the only salvation of this country; it is the only kind of farming that will make agriculture permanent and prosperous.

## Queenstown District

(By Emiel Griesbach)

I started out for the settlement last Wednesday with the intention of having a good look at the crop and prospects of the surrounding district, and I must say that the advanced growth promises an early and bountiful crop. I must say,

## The Council Call Public Meeting of Ratepayers Friday Evening, July 28th

The Town Council has called a public meeting of the ratepayers and citizens of Gleichen for to-morrow evening, Friday, July 28th, in Griesbach Hall, to discuss the subject of raising more money for the erection of the fire and town hall and the extension of the waterworks and sewerage.

Mayor Rose has requested the Call to make special mention of this and requests all ratepayers to attend the meeting to express their opinion in these matters in order that their wishes may be complied with.

As will be seen in the report of the Council meeting of last week the sum appropriated for the hall is not sufficient to build a hall that will be a credit to the town, and it will now be up to the ratepayers to give the Council their advice and assistance in the matter. The extension of the waterworks and sewerage is also an important matter for consideration, and the ratepayers will have the opportunity of expressing their opinion as to whether or not the work shall be gone on with.

when I look back about eighteen years to the time when I was hauling hay for the N.W.M.P., and there was nothing but green prairie with some cattle and horses here and there, now you see grain fields everywhere. Among those visited may be mentioned Messrs. Hoerle Beggs, Munro, Champligh, Synge Bros., Markell and others whose fields of wheat, oats, barley and garden produce are excellent. As far as could be learned there are about 11,000 acres in crop.

The farmers around Lake McGregor have already reaped a good harvest off their property by supplying the Southern Alberta Land Co. with the stone for the big dam across the lake, and has been a great help to them. The work done by the Duhobors at the dam is worth seeing.

There are now three post offices on the main road to the lake and one further east near the big dam. There is a store, owned by J. J. Aasgard, which is a great convenience to the settlers. Mr. Aasgard is also erecting a livery stable and will be ready by the fall.

The settlement of the district may be gauged from the fact that there are now four schools established in the district, and the U.F.A., which I organized just over a year ago has now 150 members, and a Local Improvement District board are doing good work in road-grading and putting in culverts. All the cry is "now a railroad."

## Agricultural Meeting Next Monday

A meeting of the directors of the Gleichen District Agricultural Association is called for next Monday night in Messrs McKie & Henderson's office, for the purpose of arranging for the annual exhibition. A full attendance is requested for the reason that all should take an active interest in preparing the prize list and making this fair the best yet. This can be done is all the directors work to that purpose for we all know this is a banner year for the farmers and each one of them will take a special pride in exhibiting their products. So far Gleichen fairs have been excellent and each one better than the last, but this year there is no good reason why we should not excel past records but give an exhibition second to none in the province. Just now it is up to the directors and not one of them should allow the opportunity to escape.

## Baseball League Games

The baseball match here last Thursday evening between Strathmore and Gleichen teams proved easily the hardest fought game so far this season, and resulted in a score of three to four in Gleichen's favor. It was a good game throughout, and it is rather a pity that the editor of the Strathmore Standard, who, by-the-way, is rather fond of expressing editorial opinions, has so far forgot himself to allow someone, who was evidently a little sore at our umpire, to express opinions for the Standard. However, we will forgive "Mack" this time, with the advice to accompany his home team once in a while and not let some disgruntled player do his dirty

ing and thereby cause ill feeling by misleading statements.

It would indeed be difficult to follow the game throughout and record the many excellent plays, but it will be seen by the score that both teams put up good games, which was as follows:

STRATHMORE		123456789
Bouton, 3b.....	10	1 0 0-2
Bride, p.....	0	0 0 1-1
Casey, s.....	0	0 0 1-1
Anderson, c.....	0	0 0-0
Barker, c.f.....	0	0 0-0
Evans, 1b.....	0	0 0-0
Henry, r.f.....	0	0 0-0
Laudmell, 2b.....	0	0 0-0
Lloyd, i.f.....	0	0 0-0
Totals.....	100010010-3	

GLEICHEN		123456789
Green, c.f.....	1	0 0-1
Wilson, p.....	0	0 0-0
Mace, 1b.....	0	0 0-0
McIntyre, 3b.....	0	1 0 1-2
Baker, r.f.....	0	0 0-0
J. Stumph, i.f.....	0	0 0-0
Brown, c.....	0	0 0 1-1
Williams, 2b.....	0	0 0-0
C. Stump, s.....	0	0 0-0
Totals.....	100100002-4	

A word may be said concerning the umpires. Fleak acted for Gleichen and McDonald for Strathmore. The latter is well-known as a former Gleichenite and while the local boys raised some objections for this reason let them stand. However, since the severe roasting of Fleak they are very indignant. Naturally a reference is made to a previous game wherein Strathmore expressed Fleak's decisions excellent, and to several others where fault was found with Strathmore's umpires. Bried, Strathmore's pitcher, is acknowledged the most constant kicker on the league and it is believed that but for him the best of feelings between the teams would always exist.

The trouble arose in the last of the ninth innings, when the score stood at 3 to 2 in the visitors favor. There were two down and Brown was given four balls and allowed to walk, but Bried claimed it was only three balls. Williams followed, who is about the best all-round player Gleichen boasts of, and with a nice strike brought McIntyre and Brown home.

## Gleichen Catholics Hold Confirmation Services

On July 7th of last year the Roman Catholics opened Saint Victors church in Gleichen and on Monday last, July 24th, no less than 37 were confirmed in the pretty edifice. Of these eleven were from Gleichen, nine from Bassano, fifteen from Quilletteville and two from Arrowwood. This is a record that Father Simonin, who has been in charge of the work, may well be congratulated upon. At the confirmation service Monday there were more than 150 person present, and it was pleasing to note the many improvements made in the interior during the twelve months since the opening. The church was prettily decorated with flowers kindly loaned and gathered by the members, but the numerous beautiful paintings of scriptural subjects could not fail to attract attention and show the earnestness with which the Catholics have worked for their church during the year. The usual beautiful confirmation

The time it takes to go to the bank is often long enough to make a man change his mind about some unnecessary purchase. It gives him a chance to consider whether he would sooner have the desired article than his interest-bearing deposit. The money is safe in the bank, too.

## THE TRADERS BANK

H. B. WILSON  
Manager  
GLEICHEN, ALTA.  
Branches throughout the Dominion  
Capital and Surplus, \$8,650,000

## Gleichen's Meteorological Report

The following weather report is supplied by F. H. Blackburn, who is officially appointed by the Dominion Government:

	MAX.	MIN.
July, 19 .....	61	44
20 .....	72	38
21 .....	75	52
22 .....	61	50
23 .....	74	46
24 .....	81	47
25 .....	92.5	50

service was carried through in a very proficient manner by Bishop Legal of St. Albert, assisted by the Rev. F. Devic, O.M.I., professor of St. Albert College; Father Rochette, P. P. of Strathmore; Father Ancelet, St. Ann's Church, Calgary; and R. F. Gr. Simoulin. Bishop Legal delivered a very able discourse in both English and French in which he referred to the good work being accomplished in Gleichen and enjoined his hearers to continue to assist each other in doing good both for themselves and the church.

After the service the clergy proceeded to the Palace Hotel, where dinner was served to them and a number of the members of the congregation.

## Institute Sports

On the Gleichen District Agricultural Association grounds the Young Peoples' Institute will hold their second series of sports on Tuesday, August 1st. A splendid program of events has been drawn up, comprising contests for girls, boys, ladies and men, and should result in a thoroughly enjoyable evening's recreation. The sports commence at 6.30 p.m. sharp and the committee request the competitors to be in readiness in order to enable them to run off long list of events before dark. Anyone desiring to compete are requested to send in their names to T. F. Rowe as soon as possible. The Institute is well on the way to completion and money is urgently needed for that purpose, so all desirous of helping the worthy cause should combine duty and pleasure, and bring someone else with them.

Rudolph Yanse was the happiest man in town Tuesday morning, owing to the arrival of twin daughters at his home that morning. We regret to learn, however, that one of the little ones died the same day.

Everyone should do a good action on Tuesday next—support the Institute sports.

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., PRESIDENT  
ALEXANDER LAIRD, GENERAL MANAGER  
CAPITAL - \$10,000,000 REST - \$8,000,000  
TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES

Issued by The Canadian Bank of Commerce are the most convenient form in which to carry money when travelling. They are negotiable everywhere, self-identifying, and the exact amount payable in the principal foreign countries is printed on the face of every cheque. The cheques are issued in denominations of

\$10, \$20, \$50, \$100 and \$200, and may be obtained on application at the Bank.

In connection with its Travellers' Cheques The Canadian Bank of Commerce has issued a booklet entitled "Information of Interest to those about to travel", which will be sent free to anyone applying for it.

GLEICHEN BRANCH. J. CAMERON, Manager

## A BARAIN

One Mile North of Gleichen  
S.W. 1-4 Sec. 24, Tp. 22, R. 23,  
West of 4th Meridian

All Under Fence About 30 Acres in Crop  
Good Well  
For Terms Apply to  
J. T. JOHNSTON

## Gleichen Garage

Sole Agents for  
McLaughlin-Buick Automobiles  
A Wide Range of Models and Prices

OUR NEW MODEL 33  
Four Passenger. Fore Door 100in. wheel  
base at \$1300 is the Biggest Automobile  
Value in Canada

We also carry a Complete Line of  
Windmills Pumps and Pump Fitting  
Gasoline Engines and Electrical Supplies

Repair Work a Speciality

McLEOD BROS., Gleichen  
One Door West of Call Office

## G.F. TAYLOR

Wishes to inform the  
Farmers and Ranchers  
and  
GENERAL PUBLIC  
That he has  
TAKEN OVER  
the  
Sarnia Barn  
Gleichen

And hopes that with Strict Attention to Business and the Needs of the Public, to

Merit Their Patronage

John Eble while engaged in well-drilling operations for W. F. Harvey at L. A. Clemens farm about 25 miles south of town last Saturday was caught in the set screw of the shaft and was seriously injured. His back, arms and legs were badly lacerated and when Dr. Farquharson arrived badly swollen, but at last reports he was improving.



## U. S. FOR FREE TRADE

PASSING OF RECIPROCITY BILL PLEASES PRES. TAFT

Is Well Satisfied With Result of the Long, Hard Campaign in Behalf of the Measure—Declares that Agreement Will Mark an Epoch in the Relations Between Canada and the United States.

Beverly, Mass.—In the first statement he has made since the passage of the reciprocity bill by the senate, President Taft, at the summer White House, freely acknowledged that his long, hard campaign in behalf of the measure would have proved unavailing if the Democrats had not helped him. Without which aid, the president declared, reciprocity would have been quite impossible. "The Democrats did not 'play politics,' but in the colloquial sense in which the words are used," said the president, "but they followed the dictates of a higher policy."

For Secretary Knox and his assistants in the state department, who conducted the negotiations and framed the pact, the president said more than a word of praise. Those Republicans, he said, who fought for reciprocity, and some of whose votes were necessary to the passage of the bill, may properly enjoy mutual felicitations on a work well done. In his own judgment, the president declared the agreement would mark an epoch in the relations between the United States and Canada, and those who opposed the bill in congress would find their prophecies disproved and their fears allayed by its actual operation. Its passage by the Canadian parliament, the last step before it becomes a bond between the two countries, he hopes and believes will be forthcoming.

The satisfaction that actual experience in its working will give," he said, "the confidently hope will secure its permanency. In a decade its benefits will contribute much to a greater United States and a greater Canada."

In a statement issued from his summer cottage here, President Taft said: "That I am very much pleased with the passage of the Canadian reciprocity bill through both houses of congress goes without saying. I believe and hope it will be followed by similar action by the Dominion parliament. In my judgment the going into effect of the agreement will mark a new epoch in the relations between the United States and Canada and it will tend to a marked increase in the trade between the two countries which will be in every way beneficial to both."

"In a sense the bill passed was a non-partisan measure, though the Republicans who voted for it probably did so on one economic theory and the Democrats who voted for it on another. I should be wanting in straightforward speaking, however, if I did not freely acknowledge the credit that belongs to the Democratic majority in the house and the Democratic majority in the senate for their consistent support of the measure in an earnest and sincere desire to secure its passage. With the credit that reciprocity would have been impossible."

"It would not have been difficult for them to fasten upon the bill amendments affecting the tariff generally in such a way as to embarrass the executive and to make it doubtful whether he could sign the bill, and yet to claim popular approval for their support of reciprocity in its defeat. In other words, the Democrats did not 'play politics' in the colloquial sense in which those words are used, but they followed the dictates of a higher policy."

"We Republicans who have earnestly sought reciprocity, and some of whose votes were necessary to the passage of the bill, may properly enjoy mutual felicitations on a work well done. With the credit that reciprocity would have been impossible. In a decade its benefits will contribute much to a greater United States and a greater Canada."

Wants a White Man's Land Melbourne.—The renewal, with modifications, of the Anglo-Japanese treaty, is welcomed by the Australian government. The acting premier, Mr. Hughes, declares that the changes made in the existing treaty will aid the cause of peace very considerably. At the same time the minister is careful to add that the policy of a white Australia will in no way be affected by any agreement of the kind.

A number of Dutch pearlers caught poaching off the coast of western Australia were fined one hundred pounds. If the fine is not paid, the pearling luggers, which were seized, will be sold. During the last four years the federal parliament has provided half a million pounds sterling to pay bounties on the production in Australia of coffee, hemp, tobacco and dried fruits. So far only \$8,000 has been claimed and the question of the abolition of the bounties is now being raised.

Britain Needs Trades' Disputes Act London.—The parliamentary committee of the National Chambers of Trade, in a letter to Premier Asquith, suggests that there should be a court of arbitration formed, dealing with trade disputes on the same lines as the Canadian industrial disputes investigation act.

\$500,000 Forest Fire in B. C. Vancouver.—By forest fires raging at Squishish at Howe Sound during the past few days timber valued at \$500,000 has been destroyed.

## TRADE BOOMING

Labor Gazette Says Conditions Were Prosperous During June

Ottawa.—The Labor Gazette in its monthly summary of business and industrial conditions, states that during the month of June prosperous conditions prevailed in all branches of Canadian manufacture, and arrangements were being made for the establishment of many new industries in the Dominion. The general tone of the lumber industry was healthy. Unskilled labor was well employed, railway construction absorbing a large number of men. Generally speaking all classes of labor were well employed, except in a few cases. The supply of labor generally equalled the demand. During the month there was general activity in nearly all branches of industry throughout Canada. Industrial accidents occurred to 192 working people. Of these 82 were fatal, and 11 had serious results.

The number of trade disputes was 27, an increase of 9 compared with June, 1910. The loss of time to employees during the month was approximately 355,425 working days, compared with 299,400 days in May, and 75,500 in June, 1910.

## UNIONISTS SORE ON ASQUITH

Attack Him for Indecency in Proposing to Inflation the Passage From Democracy

London.—The Unionists and that party's newspapers have joined in hot denunciation against Premier Asquith for what they term his violation of parliamentary decency. The majority of the Conservative papers in London and the provinces advise the leaders to submit to Mr. Asquith's ultimatum as the lesser of two great evils. The only uncertain factor is how many lords will follow the Earl of Halsbury in the fight to the death. Interest centres in the meeting of the house of commons, when Mr. Asquith is expected to make an explicit statement of his programme. It is possible that the government may postpone consideration of the lords' action to find out what the upper house will do, if the negotiations are unsatisfactory, the government may announce the creation of a batch of fifty new peers as an object lesson to the lords. A correspondent to The Times declares that it is an open secret that each peer on his creation contributes \$25,000 to the party fund.

## REPLY TO GERMAN OFFICER

Kingsmill Has Something to Say About Aspersions Cast On Navy

Ottawa.—The attention of Admiral Kingsmill was directed to an article given in Montreal by an officer of the German cruiser Bremen to the effect that the Niobe of the Canadian navy will be of no use in time of war. "Neither the Niobe nor the Rainbow was bought or intended for a fighting ship," stated the admiral. "They are to be used as training ships pure and simple. It is unfortunate that through a chain of proper explanation the idea has got abroad that obsolete vessels have been bought by Canada for defensive purposes, when really there has never been any intention whatever that these particular ships should be used for any purpose other than that of training naval cadets. At the same time I may observe that there are many German ships afloat which are not as good as the Niobe."

## Prince of Wales Checked Until of Age

London.—In a letter to the Poetry Society the King's Private Secretary writes:

"I am commended to inform you that His Majesty is gratified to learn that the Poetry Society proposes to hold a special meeting in commemoration of the investiture of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales. I am, however, to explain to you that, beyond the actual investiture at Carnarvon, the King does not wish his Royal Highness to take part in any public ceremony until he is of age. The Prince of Wales will, however, be glad to accept a copy of the programme if you will kindly send it to his Royal Highness at this address."

## Labor Unions to Help McNamara

Washington.—The American Federation of Labor recently instituted a vigorous programme to raise money with which to conduct the defence of the McNamara charged with dynamiting the plant of The Los Angeles Times. In addition to the general appeal through the press of the country it is planned to augment the fund by the sale of buttons bearing a picture of J. P. McNamara and the words "Kidnaped." Stamps carrying a photograph of McNamara, and designed to be used on the back of envelopes also will be offered for sale.

## Trying to Break Anglo-French Entente

London.—Some of the London morning papers are beginning to express uneasiness at the Germans' rumored demands for territory in the French Congo and for a sphere of influence in Morocco. They are inclined to believe that the rumors exaggerated the real demands, and point out that if it is true, Germany's attitude is suspiciously provocative. The opinion is also offered that Germany's intention is to test the strength of the Anglo-French entente or endeavor to drive a wedge into it and the government is counselled to stand firmly by France.

## Mines Can Produce Coal

Lacombe, Alta.—Senator Peter Talbot declares his mines on the Red Deer can produce enough coal to avert a famine in Calgary if the G. T. P. can haul it. The Rolston mine begins operations this week at Alix, and the management claims an output of 200 tons a day.

## Emperor of Japan to Visit China

Vienna.—A Vienna paper says that the Emperor of Japan will pay an official visit to the Chinese court this year or early in 1912 with a view of inducing China to accelerate the reformation of the country.

## BRITAIN STANDS FIRM

WILL MAINTAIN HER PRESTIGE AMONG THE POWERS

David Lloyd-George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, Delivers a Remarkable Speech, Full of Significance—Says the Peace of the World is More Likely to be Secured, if Nations Realize the Conditions.

London.—Addressing a banquet given by the bankers of London David Lloyd-George, chancellor of the exchequer, referred to Great Britain's continually growing prosperity which he said could only be arrested by a disturbance of the world's peace.

Therefore, he was ready to make great sacrifice to preserve peace and would rejoice at the success of the arbitration negotiations with the United States, but, he added, it was essential that Great Britain at all hazards should maintain her place and prestige among the great powers. If a situation were forced upon Great Britain which could only be preserved by the surrender of the position won by centuries of her achievements by allowing herself to be treated where vital interests were concerned as though she were of no account in the cabinet of nations, then, he said, emphatically, peace at that price would be a thing intolerable for the great country like England to endure.

"A nation's honor," said the chancellor, "is no party question. The security of our international trade is not a party question. The peace of the world is more likely to be secured if all nations realize fairly what the conditions of peace must be."

The speech made a deep impression on his listeners. The audience interpreted the speech to mean that the Moroccan situation is serious.

The Liberal papers which refer to the fact that Chancellor Lloyd-George in his address read the important passages slowly and carefully from a prepared manuscript, regard his utterances as the embodiment of the cabinet's views, and it is not doubted that it was a hint to Germany with regard to Morocco. The papers express the opinion that this word in season may prevent the situation arising through Germany's demands before getting too critical.

## 50,000 Harvest Hands Necessary

Winnipeg, Man.—C. B. Foster, of the C. P. R., and R. Creelman, of the Canadian Northern; J. Bruce Walker, immigration commissioner; Golden, deputy minister of agriculture for Saskatchewan, met in the office of Mr. Foster recently, and the result was that a conservative estimate was arrived at of the number of harvest hands that will be required to handle this season's crop of the west. The estimate indicates that from Eastern Canada the railways will have to bring in 50,000 men, twice the number required last season. Alberta is calculating on needing 10,000 and Saskatchewan and Manitoba 20,000 each. The session discusses the probability of 10,000 harvest hands being available from the immediate south on account of a smaller harvest than was expected there.

## To Square Claims

Washington, D. C.—The treaty between the United States and Great Britain, providing for the arbitration of pecuniary claims between the two countries in accordance with the general arbitration treaty, was ratified by the senate in executive session recently.

The treaty provides that within four months either of the governments may submit to the other any claims which it desires shall be passed upon, the only condition being that the claims shall be groups. All claims not submitted within the time specified are to be barred.

## Prince of Wales Not Coming West

London.—Lord Stamfordham, private secretary to King George, telegraphs from Holyrood Castle, Edinburgh, saying there is no truth in the reports that the Prince of Wales is going to visit New York and other American cities.

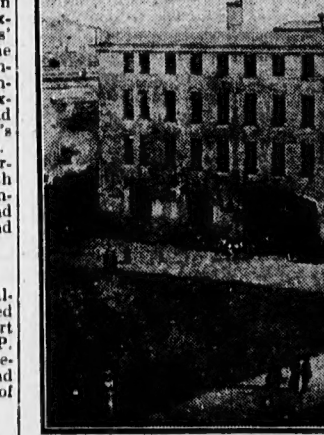
## Hammond Praises English Hospitality

New York.—Praising British hospitality, John Hays Hammond, special American ambassador to the Coronation, has returned. Hammond said everywhere in England the utmost friendship was expressed for America.

## Royal Residence in Ireland

London.—A royal residence in Ireland has been suggested in the highest quarters, says the Dublin correspondent of the Times, and the idea has been accepted.

## New Union Station in Winnipeg Consistent With City's Growth



A conspicuous architectural feature of the City of Winnipeg is the recently opened Union or Fort Garry Station on Main Street at the foot of Broadway.

## NAVIGATION OF HUDSON'S BAY

Thinks Nelson a Better Place Than Churchill for Railway Terminal

Montreal.—The wonderful development of Canada is not confined to the temperate portions of Canada. The great north of the Dominion is also keeping pace with the times and is growing in its own peculiar way in a most satisfactory manner.

Perhaps the most reliable barometer of the conditions of the north is the activity of the famous Hudson's Bay company, two of whose steamers are in port at the present time. One of these is the Pelican, an auxiliary bark which has been engaged in the Hudson's Bay trade for 11 years, and the other the steel steamer Boethic, chartered by the great trading concern from Job Brothers, of Newfoundland.

The Pelican is to establish three new posts along the Hudson Straits at Stuart's Bay, Cape Wolstenholme, and Ashe's Inlet, the two former being on the south side of the passage leading to the bay and the latter on the north side. According to the officers of the ship fur-bearing animals are constantly moving northwards, and every year almost sees some new field entered by the company in order to keep pace with the ever-increasing demand for the furs of the trapper's long expeditions.

Captain Cleveland Smith is in charge of the Pelican and was found recently on his ship sweltering in the unaccustomed heat in which he found himself placed.

"Only ten days ago we were in fields of ice," he said, "and the change is rather a severe one. I suppose this is the fashion during weather like this to rail against the heat, and I must say I prefer the Hudson's Bay temperature to this brand you are getting in Montreal."

Regarding his trip to the north Captain Smith was reticent, but was willing to talk of the conditions of navigation existing up north. The Hudson's Bay commercial route idea and states that, in his opinion, it will be years before shipping people are able to overcome the obstacles now generally encountered in a passage from the bay to London, a voyage he has made time after time.

"The conditions are too uncertain to allow of a profitable exploitation of the route," he said. "Last year, for instance, we had little or no ice on our trip from here, but other years we encountered a great deal of ice and it was one long battle with the huge frozen fields from the time they struck the northern part of Labrador until they finally reached Hudson's Bay. The weather existing in this part of Canada is nothing by which to judge what may be found up north. Personally, I should like to see the route opened for commercial purposes, but I'm afraid this is still a long way off."

Captain Smith is of the opinion that Nelson, and not Churchill, would provide the best natural port in the bay, and that its advantages over the proposed new terminal of the projected Hudson's Bay railway are many.

## Persian Government Angry at Britain

Teheran.—The Persian government recently sent a note to the British and Russian legations, pointing out that the various representations made on the subject of the intrigues of the deposed Shah, Mohammed Ali Mirza, had been uniformly ignored, and alleging that the indifference of the British and Russian representatives had produced the natural effect in Mohammed Ali's landing in Persia. The note says that the Persian government regrets that it has not received the assistance from Great Britain and Russia, which it had the right to expect, in view of the protocol of Aug. 25, 1909.

## To Start Locomotive Factory

Paris.—Messrs. Krupp, of Essen, the famous German manufacturers of heavy armaments, are said to be about to establish a locomotive factory on French territory. The firm have bought a piece of land in the vicinity of the untrenched camp at Mauthausen, four miles from the French side of the Belgian frontier. On this site the necessary buildings and machinery are to be erected.

## Supt. Hussey Dead

Victoria, B. C.—Supt. F. S. Hussey, head of the provincial police of British Columbia, died here recently after a long illness.

## TO AVERT COAL FAMINE

RUSHING COAL FROM THE EAST TO THE WEST

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company is Preparing for an Unprecedented Emergency, and is Putting Forth Every Effort to Provide a Supply of Coal for the Farmers of Western Canada.

Winnipeg, Man.—No one in the west knows one-tenth as much of the seriousness of the coal strike situation as the Canadian Pacific. The company has the exact information with reference to the location of every pound of coal in the country which is available for use; knows exactly what the ultimate sources of supply are and knows the exact conditions with reference to the difficulty connected with transportation.

Knowing what it does about the situation the Canadian Pacific is doing what it has never done previously in its history to provide against contingencies. At the dock at Fort William there will be a boat unloading coal for the company's locomotives every hour of the day and night until the ice forms in the lake and navigation is over for the year. In addition, there will be boats alongside unloading merchandise coal as it comes in.

For the first time the company is also unloading coal this year for the far western lines at Jackfish bay. At this point there will be provided this year for far western lines 10,000 tons of steam coal. The company is also operating two trains a day from Duluth. This coal is coming into the west by way of Port and Moose Jaw. Action of this kind was never taken before.

The Canadian Pacific, which is thus in close touch with the situation, knowing all the facts, is preparing for an unprecedented emergency. The effort is made to provide a supply of coal for winter in case the strike should be prolonged. If the strike should be terminated quickly, the company will lose a large amount of money on the coal which it has carried so far west, but it has taken this chance to provide domestic coal for the farmers of Western Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, who are the people in the gravest danger. Nothing of a special nature has been done, and no precautions have been taken by anyone to see that these people do not freeze to death.

## GEN. BOOTH BACK IN LONDON

Contrary to Announcements, He Will Not Visit Canada This Year

London.—General Booth is just back in London again, after one of his lightning tours through Scandinavia. Contrary to earlier announcements, he will not make protracted tours through the United States and Canada in the fall, as the condition of his sight is such that it is thought advisable for him to rest before the eye that is giving all the trouble is operated upon. But a high official at the London headquarters of the Salvation Army says that in all probability the abandoned tour will take place next year.

All General Booth's foreign tours are worked out beforehand with a detailed minuteness that reminds one of the plans laid for a monarch's progress. The copy I saw of the schedule of his Scandinavian tour reads like a railroad time table. Almost every hour of the days he spent in Christiania and Stockholm were accounted for even to a short cruise up the fjords from Stockholm, which formed part of the great convention held in that city.

## Wireless Messages Will Be Cheaper

London.—At the annual meeting of the Marconi Wireless company recently Marconi said the company would probably carry into effect the intention of accepting plain English transatlantic messages at fourpence per word. Referring to Sir Joseph Ward's scheme proposed at the conference, he said the company would have preferred to carry out its own scheme but would be satisfied if the negotiations resulted in their erecting stations on behalf of the government.

## Supt. Hussey Dead

Victoria, B. C.—Supt. F. S. Hussey, head of the provincial police of British Columbia, died here recently after a long illness.

## COMPULSORY SERVICE

83,000 Lads Will Receive Instruction in the Use of Arms in Australia

Melbourne.—The actual training of the youth of Australia under the scheme of compulsory military service, prepared by Lord Kitchener, has begun. 83,000 lads will receive instruction in the use of arms.

A gratifying feature of the examination of the lads enrolled last January throughout the Commonwealth is that 94 per cent. of those who presented themselves proved medically fit, and in some states the percentage was as high as 96.

Lord Kitchener's scheme for Australia included a land force of 80,000 men, half to defend the cities and ports and half to be free to operate as a mobile striking force anywhere in the island continent.

Cadets should join the military college between the ages of 16 and 19. The term at the college would be for three years, and parents would pay \$40 annually, except when the cadet wins a scholarship. Lord Kitchener recommended that a cadet, on completing his course and obtaining his commission, should be sent to India or Great Britain to join a regiment for six months' training.

## YUKON GOLD OUTPUT

Retiring Commissioner Henderson to Be Succeeded by A. Wilson

Vancouver.—Commissioner Henderson of the Yukon is retiring from Dawson. He retires from that office in December, and is likely to be succeeded by Arthur Wilson, who has been acting administrator since July 1. Wilson has been a member of the Yukon council for many years and is chief license inspector of the territory. Mr. Henderson will return to law practice here. He says the Yukon gold mines will this season have a larger output than in any year in the past four, the total exceeding the four million mark of 1907. This year's increase is due to the fact that most of the mining companies have enlarged and perfected their systems. There have been no new discoveries of any great value.

On leaving Dawson, Mr. Henderson was the recipient of an address and service of pipe and a piece of moose hide burnt leather work upon which the address was inscribed.

## ILLEGAL ACTION

Railway Commission Decides Railroads May Not Protect Refiners Against Crude Oil From States

Ottawa.—The railway companies which attempted to protect Canadian refiners against the importation of crude oil from United States were committing an illegal action in so doing, and that as a matter of principle railway companies could not attempt rate adjustment with a view of protecting any industry or section of the public was an important finding issued by the railway commission recently in the case of the Canadian oil companies, limited, against the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific railways. The oil companies claimed that the railways had unjustly discriminated against them upon shipments of petroleum and its products between certain Canadian and American points, by refusing to carry the commodity at fifth class rates.

## BUY TELEPHONE SYSTEM

Saskatchewan Government Makes Short Work of Independent Company

Saskatoon, Sask.—Negotiations between the provincial government and the Northwestern Telephone company for taking over the local system, were brought to a head recently when the government notified the company that if the offer made was not accepted at once, an independent system would be installed. The offer of \$75,000 will be accepted, and it is expected that the reorganization of the system will be commenced at once. Many improvements and much needed extensions are being made.

## Brains Developed by Electricity

London.—Bright and "brainless" children, with robust physical development, by means of electricity, is the promise held out to mankind by the experiments conducted in Stockholm at the suggestion of Professor Svante Arrhenius.

Fifty school children have been divided into two groups. They are identical in point of health, height, and weight, and are placed in two classrooms. One class is subject to discharges of electricity, and the other is not.

Though the experiment is not yet completed, it has been found possible already to report that the "electricified" children have responded by showing greater mental and physical development than the children not so treated.

## Reward for Capture

Minneapolis, Minn.—The total of \$7,500 was hung up recently by the Northern Pacific as a reward for the capture and conviction of three men, who boarded the North Coast Limited eastbound between Valley City and Buffalo, N. D., at midnight Wednesday, shot Engineer E. D. Olson, and robbed the passengers of jewelry, watches and money. For the capture and conviction of any one of the three robbers the road will pay \$2,500.

## Steady Increase in U. S. Trade

Washington, D. C.—A review of the foreign trade of the United States during the last twelve months shows a steady increase in commerce with Canada and the Orient. Exports from the United States to Canada jumped from \$216,000,000 to \$270,000,000 and the imports from Canada increased from \$96,000,000 to \$101,000,000.

## Make a Big Pile of Them

Ottawa.—The mint has received orders for the new silver coins, and within a few days the effigy of King George will appear on new silver coinage of the Dominion.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON V.—THIRD QUARTER, FOR JULY 30, 1911.

Text of the Lesson, 11 Chron. xxiv, 14-33—Memory Verse, 21—Golden Text, Ps. cxix, 11—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

We are still in the reign of good King Josiah, and the heart of this lesson is a book, the book of the law of the Lord by Moses, a book concerning which we read in Josh. 1, 8, "This book of the law shall not depart out of thy mouth, but thou shalt meditate therein day and night, that thou mayest observe to do according to all that is written therein, for then thou shalt make thy way prosperous, and then thou shalt have good success." It is also written of the blessed man in Ps. 1, 2, "His delight is in the law of the Lord, and in His law doth he meditate day and night."

No one rejoiced more than Jeremiah over the finding of this book, for he said, "Thy words were found, and I did eat them, and Thy word was unto me the joy and rejoicing of mine heart, for I am called by Thy name, Lord God of hosts." David could say, "I rejoice at Thy word as one that findeth great spoil" (Ps. cxix, 162). If our hearts are right with God nothing in all the world will be so precious to us as the word of God. Not only will our hearts burn within us when the Spirit opens to us the Scriptures, but there will be a boiling or bubbling up as we hear of things touching the King (Luke xxiv, 32; Ps. xiv, 1).

There is but one principal person in all the book from Genesis to Revelation, even the one who said: "Lo, I come—in the volume of the book it is written of me. I delight to do Thy will, O my God! Yea, thy law is within my heart" (Ps. xl, 7, 8). It was for Him that Josiah was king, sitting upon His throne as His representative (1 Chron. xxix, 23; 2 Chron. ix, 8), and the finding of this book must have been to Josiah like a special message from Jehovah. It was in connection with the repairing of the house of the Lord that the book was found, and we are reminded of Hosea vi, 3, "Then shall we know if we follow on to know the Lord." Josiah was earnestly doing the best he knew when by this book the Lord revealed Himself more fully. It is by His word that the Lord always reveals Himself (1 Sam. iii, 21). He is the Living Word, and He reveals Himself to us by His written word, in which we see Him and know Him.

When the king heard the words of the book as they were read to him by Shaphan, the scribe, he rent his clothes, for he saw therein his sin and the sin of his people and that great wrath from the Lord was upon him because they had not kept the word of the Lord to do after all that was written in the book (verse 31). There was a prophetic in Jerusalem named Huldah, and to her they went to inquire of the Lord concerning these matters. Let all believing women be encouraged by this and by the remembrance of Priscilla instructing Apollos and by the fact that the first resurrection message was given by the Lord Jesus to a woman and that the first proclamation of the gospel in Europe was at a woman's prayer meeting and also by the story of Philip's daughter and by Ps. lxxviii, 11, Rev. Ver., to let the Lord use them as His witnesses as He may lead. The seeming prohibitions in several places refer to order instead of confusion, and to this day some of the eastern churches have women's babbles in time of service and even call their husbands by name and ask questions which ought to be asked at home instead of disturbing the congregation. Let all who are taught of the Lord hold themselves ready to teach others at every opportunity, for if ever there was a time when true witnesses were needed it is now, when women as well as men are being so used by the devil against the truth.

How grand to hear this woman of God say, "Thus saith the Lord God of Israel, tell ye the man that sent you to me" (verse 23). To a true servant of the Lord He is all, and to please Him is everything; men are nothing except they glorify God. See the Lord's commendation of Josiah in verse 27, and note his tender heart, his humility and true penitence, and note in Isa. lvii, 15, that He who dwells in the high and holy place also dwells with him who is of a humble and contrite spirit.

Josiah promptly gathered priests and Levites and all the people, great and small, and read in their ears all the words of the book of the covenant, and there they made a covenant before the Lord to serve Him as He required with all their heart and soul, and all the days of Josiah they departed not from following the Lord, the God of their fathers.

In such men as Jeroboam and Ahab and Manasseh we see how much evil one man can do and how far-reaching the results, but in such men as Hezekiah, Jehoshaphat and Josiah we see what God can do through even such imperfect men if only sincerely obedient to Him. As this is our last study of Josiah, we must not fail to notice his great passover, the like of which had not been seen in Israel since the days of Samuel (chapter xxv, 18). That leads on to the passover which our Lord Jesus so greatly desired to keep with His disciples and to its future fulfillment in His kingdom (Luke xxii, 15, 16).

## China Wants British Naval Advisers

Victoria, B. C.—Advices from Peking state China has approached Great Britain to confer as to the joint use of Wei-Hai-Wei as a naval station. It is also stated that China has cabled to Prince Ssal-Chan, now in England, asking him to arrange for the engagement of ten British naval advisers for China.

## Has U. S. Lost Beef Trade of World

Chicago.—South America has wrested the fresh beef trade of the world from the United States, according to J. Ogden Armour, the Chicago meat packer, who has just returned from Europe.



## NA-DRU-CO HEADACHE WAFERS

25c. a Box at your druggist's.  
will make life comfortable for you again.  
They relieve the worst headache in 30 minutes or less.

National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, Montreal.

## FOX & ROSS

Established 1887.

### STOCK BROKERS

Members Standard Stock Exchange  
MINING STOCKS BOUGHT & SOLD  
Correspondence Invited

43 SCOTT STREET, TORONTO

## DOMINION EXPOSITION

Regina, Sask.

JULY 31-AUG. 12, 1911

REDUCED PASSENGER RATES ON ALL LINES

Ample Accommodation for Visitors.

A GRAND COLLECTION OF LIVE STOCK

Best Races and most thrilling At-  
tractions that have ever been seen  
in Western Canada.

Do not neglect this grand oppor-  
tunity for a real good holiday.

Exhibition Entries Close July 22nd,  
1911.

For further information write to

L. T. McDONALD,

Regina, Saskatchewan.

Judging by Sound

Visitor—"Ah, you have a fountain  
in the next room. I can hear it  
splashing."

Host—"No; my wife is drinking an  
afternoon tea, and father's giving a  
cup."

The Fox of Indigestion.—Indigestion is  
a common ailment and few are free from  
it. It is a most distressing complaint  
and often the suffering attending it is  
most severe. The very best remedy is  
Farnie's Vegetable Pills taken accord-  
ing to directions. They rectify the ir-  
regular action of the stomach and restore  
healthy action. For many years they  
have been a standard remedy for dys-  
pepsia and indigestion and are highly  
esteemed for their qualities.

"Give me your candid opinion of  
these lines," said the young man with  
literary aspirations. Do they convey  
any idea of poetry to you at all?"  
"Yes, there is something in every line  
that conveys the idea," answered the  
friendly critic, after looking them  
over. "Every line begins with a capital  
letter."—Chicago Daily News.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Judge—"You are charged with non-  
support of your wife. What have you  
to say for yourself?"

Rastus—"Well, judge, I done got  
her three more washings a week than  
any other cullud lady in the block."—  
Toledo Blade.

"An' one other thing I want you to  
remember when you build the house  
is to put on the finest elastic  
steps on to it that money can build."

"An elastic step, sir?" "Yes, I was  
reading how Dick Johnson had a fine  
elastic step, an' I want one just like  
it or better."

The city editor was looking over the  
new reporter's manuscript.

"I notice," he said, "you use the  
phrase 'puzzled to death.' I should  
like to have you tell me how a man  
can be puzzled to death."

"Well," he might be "puzzled with  
bullets," answered the reporter.

That nearly cost him his job, but  
his youth and his good record, up to  
that time—saved him.—Chicago Tri-  
bune.

In Your System or a Faltering Organ  
It Will Be Worse at This  
Time of Year

Vigor and Energy Run Low in Spring  
Unless You Use

Dr. Chase's

Nerve Food

It may be the stomach, the heart,  
the lungs, the filtering or excretory  
organs, but if there is a weak point  
it is likely to show up at this time  
of year.

The blood is thin and watery. It  
fails to supply proper nourishment.  
The all-essential nerve force is lack-  
ing, and you feel the effects first in  
your weakest organ.

Your trouble may take the form of  
indigestion, you may have neuralgia  
or twinges of sciatic rheumatism.  
The cause is the same—weak blood.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food will help  
you as nothing else can, because it  
supplies in condensed and easily as-  
similated form the elements which  
are necessary for the strengthening  
and invigorating of the various or-  
gans of the body.

Every dose of this great restorative  
medicine goes to form new, red corpus-  
cles in the blood—to make the blood  
rich and red. The faltering organs  
resume their functions, appetite im-  
proves, digestion becomes good, and  
gradually new energy and vigor find  
their way to every nook and corner  
of the body. To keep strong and  
well this spring use Dr. Chase's  
Nerve Food. 50 cents a box 6 for  
\$2.50 at all dealers, or Edmanson,  
Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Chinese Students' Answers.

In answer to the question, "What  
are the five great races of mankind?"  
a Chinese student replied, said Bishop  
Montgomery, "the 100 yards, the hur-  
dles, the quarter mile, the mile and  
the three miles."

In another paper a Chinese student  
said that "out of sight, out of mind,"  
could be explained in two words, "in  
visible, insane."—London Mail.

Queen Consort's Flag.

For the first time in the history of  
England the flag of a Queen Consort  
was flown over Buckingham Palace  
recently. The new flag is a beautiful  
creation, the colors being woven and  
painted with marvellous dexterity.  
One side of it does not differ from  
the Royal Standard; the other, composed  
of eight square portions, consists of  
the Royal Standard with new quar-  
terings, illustrating Queen Mary's  
descent from the Houses of Cam-  
bridge and Teck.

Could Turn Engineer.

The Duke of Sutherland is a skilled  
locomotive engineer, and could earn  
a living at the work did he so desire.

Blister from canoeing, ball-play-  
ing, or any cause, painful sunburn  
patches, stings of insects, and chafed  
places, all are cured instantly by  
Zam-Buk. Don't have your vacation  
spoiled by pain from any sore, which  
Zam-Buk could cure in quick time.

This wonderful balm is made from  
herbal juices and is highly anti-  
septic. Poison from insect stings,  
barbed wire scratch, or thorn prick,  
is immediately rendered harmless as  
soon as Zam-Buk touches it. Stops  
the stinging, smarting pain. Zam-  
Buk is so pure, too, that the most  
delicate skin is able to absorb it, and  
is benefited by it. Mothers with  
young babies should use it for chaf-  
ing sores, etc. Also cures piles, ul-  
cers and festering sores. All drug-  
gists and store sell at 50c box. Use  
also Zam-Buk Soap! 25c tablet.

HIGHER WAGES HERE

Agricultural Labor is Not So Well  
Paid in the United States

In adopting Reciprocity with the  
United States, Canada would enter  
into an unequal and unfair competi-  
tion in farm labor. Senator Stone of  
Missouri, spoke at Washington the  
other day on this phase of the agree-  
ment, and showed that farm labor  
was cheaper in the States than in  
Canada. The Brooklyn Times, com-  
menting on this speech as follows,  
shows how foolish it would be for  
the Canuck to try to compete with  
cheap Yankee labor:—

It has been generally assumed that  
farm wages paid on the American side  
of the line were higher than those  
paid in Canada, and that there-  
fore the advantages of free entry for  
Canadian farm products conceded by  
the proposed reciprocal agreement  
meant a decided advantage to the  
Canadian farmer at the expense of  
his American competitor. But, ac-  
cording to Senator Stone of Missouri,  
who in his speech quoted liberally  
from American official figures, the  
boot is on the other leg. The Mis-  
souri Senator demonstrated that the  
Canadian farmers really pay more  
for their farm labor than we pay on  
the United States side of the line,  
and that if anybody has cause to  
fear disaster from reciprocity it is  
the Canadian and not the American.

It is the Canuck who has cause to  
dread the competition of cheap Yan-  
kee labor, and not the blunted plu-  
ocrat of American farms."

Not On Duty

Mr. Smith (behind clerical ac-  
quaintance in seat at theatre)—Why,  
doctor, how is this? I thought you  
strongly disapproved of theatre-going?

Clergyman—Well, you see, I'm—ah  
—on my vacation.

A Sure Corrective of Flatulency.—When  
the undigested food lies in the stomach  
it throws off gases causing pains and op-  
pression in the stomach region. The  
belching or eructation of these gases is  
offensive and the only way to prevent  
this is by restoring the stomach to  
Farnie's Vegetable Pills will do  
this. Simple directions go with each  
packet and a course of ten taken sys-  
tematically is certain to effect a cure.

The wife of a clergyman warned  
him as he went off to officiate at a  
funeral one rainy day. "Now, John,  
don't stand with your bare head on  
the damp ground; you'll catch cold."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Pat—"Cassidy seems opposed to  
strikes!"

Mike—"Why not?—th' last strike  
he was on he got married just to fill  
up the toime."

An Oil Without Alcohol.—Some oils  
and many medicines have alcohol as a promi-  
nent ingredient. A judicious mingling of  
six essential oils composed the famous Dr.  
Minard's Liniment. Oil and there is no  
alcohol in it, so that its effects are last-  
ing. There is no medicinal oil compound  
that can equal this in its preven-  
tative and healing power.

I am afraid teachers are taking up  
the attitude that no one can teach  
them anything.—Mr. Shawcross.

WIRE WOUNDS

My mare a very valuable one, was  
badly bruised and cut by being  
caught in a wire fence. Some of the  
wounds would not heal, although I  
tried many different medicines. Dr.  
Bell advised me to use MINARD'S  
LINIMENT, diluted at first, then  
stronger as the sores began to look  
better, until after three weeks, the  
sores have healed, and best of all, the  
hair is growing well, and is NOT  
WHITE as is most always the case  
in horse wounds.

F. M. DOUCET.

How Clouds Get Their Fringes.

Prof. Tyndall used to explain to  
popular audiences, with the aid of a  
brilliant experiment, that the blue  
color of the sky is owing to floating  
particles of invisible dust that break  
up and scatter the short waves, which  
are the blue waves, of light. This  
occurs principally at a great eleva-  
tion, where the atmospheric dust is  
extremely fine, while in the lower  
regions of the air, where the dust is  
coarser, the scattering affects all the  
rays, or colors, alike. The brilliant  
fringes of clouds, seen nearly in the  
direction of the sun, are largely due  
to dust, which especially accumulates  
in the neighborhood of clouds and re-  
fracts the sunlight around their edges.

Queen Consort's Flag.

For the first time in the history of  
England the flag of a Queen Consort  
was flown over Buckingham Palace  
recently. The new flag is a beautiful  
creation, the colors being woven and  
painted with marvellous dexterity.  
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the Royal Standard; the other, composed  
of eight square portions, consists of  
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terings, illustrating Queen Mary's  
descent from the Houses of Cam-  
bridge and Teck.

Could Turn Engineer.

The Duke of Sutherland is a skilled  
locomotive engineer, and could earn  
a living at the work did he so desire.

Blister from canoeing, ball-play-  
ing, or any cause, painful sunburn  
patches, stings of insects, and chafed  
places, all are cured instantly by  
Zam-Buk. Don't have your vacation  
spoiled by pain from any sore, which  
Zam-Buk could cure in quick time.

This wonderful balm is made from  
herbal juices and is highly anti-  
septic. Poison from insect stings,  
barbed wire scratch, or thorn prick,  
is immediately rendered harmless as  
soon as Zam-Buk touches it. Stops  
the stinging, smarting pain. Zam-  
Buk is so pure, too, that the most  
delicate skin is able to absorb it, and  
is benefited by it. Mothers with  
young babies should use it for chaf-  
ing sores, etc. Also cures piles, ul-  
cers and festering sores. All drug-  
gists and store sell at 50c box. Use  
also Zam-Buk Soap! 25c tablet.

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How Clouds Get Their Fringes.

Prof. Tyndall used to explain to  
popular audiences, with the aid of a  
brilliant experiment, that the blue  
color of the sky is owing to floating  
particles of invisible dust that break  
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extremely fine, while in the lower  
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to dust, which especially accumulates  
in the neighborhood of clouds and re-  
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Queen Consort's Flag.

For the first time in the history of  
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was flown over Buckingham Palace  
recently. The new flag is a beautiful  
creation, the colors being woven and  
painted with marvellous dexterity.  
One side of it does not differ from  
the Royal Standard; the other, composed  
of eight square portions, consists of  
the Royal Standard with new quar-  
terings, illustrating Queen Mary's  
descent from the Houses of Cam-  
bridge and Teck.

Could Turn Engineer.

The Duke of Sutherland is a skilled  
locomotive engineer, and could earn  
a living at the work did he so desire.

Blister from canoeing, ball-play-  
ing, or any cause, painful sunburn  
patches, stings of insects, and chafed  
places, all are cured instantly by  
Zam-Buk. Don't have your vacation  
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This wonderful balm is made from  
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Buk is so pure, too, that the most  
delicate skin is able to absorb it, and  
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## Prairie Lodge 44

Meets in  
Masonic Hall, Gleichen.  
Every Monday Evening at 8  
Visiting brethren cordially invited.  
R. S. NOTTEB.  
N. G.  
F. STILL.  
R. SEY.

A REPRESENTATIVE of the  
**Taube Optical Co.**  
132 Eighth Avenue, E., Calgary  
Will VISIT GLEICHEN every  
Two Months  
For Dates enquire at Yates Drug Store.

**J. T. MCALLOM HUGHES**  
M.B.C.V.S. (London)

VETERINARY  
SURGEON.....

Gleichen and Strathmore

DENTIST

**C. R. McIntyre, L.D.S., D.D.S.**

Graduate Royal College Dental  
Surgeons, Toronto

Dentistry Practiced in All Its  
Branches

GAS ADMINISTERED  
Office in Farquharson Block,  
GLEICHEN

**J. H. RILEY**

General Blacksmithing  
Repairing of All Kinds  
Horseshoeing a Specialty

A TRIAL SOLICITED

Gleichen, - - Alberta

Shoes that Combine  
Both Style and Fit



Few men wear clumsy, easily  
made, ugly shoes from choice.

They may say that they prefer  
them to shoes that are handsome and  
stylish,—but do they?

Most men wear ugly shoes simply  
because they have an idea that  
they're the only comfortable shoes  
made.

And also because they have never  
worn INVICTUS Shoes.

We have INVICTUS Shoes in the  
newest 1910 styles which will fit  
every line of your foot easily, com-  
fortably and snugly.

Remember the soles of all INVICTUS  
Shoes are made of genuine ca-  
shmere sole leather—the most dur-  
able sole leather there is.

Local Agent—

**F. H. Blackbourne,**

MEN'S OUTFITTER,  
GLEICHEN.

## LAST CHANCE RANCH

T. P. McHUGH, Proprietor,  
QUEENSTOWN.



"BELLADOR" No. 25026.

Colts of 1904

Vent for above

Cattle Brand: 101 on left hip or left

Calves of 1903: 101 on left hip and bar

Also owners of Horses branded JJ on

left shoulder.

Heavy Draft Horses for

Sale.

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA.

## MATERNITY HOME

Comfortable and

CHARGES MODERATE

Maternity Cases Taken and Cared For

Mrs. E. MARTIN,

223 TENTH STREET

CALGARY, ALTA.

## HARDWICK BROTHERS,

Post Office—Queenstown.

Range—Snake Valley.

Owners of all Cattle branded:

right ribs - 1 left 499 left ribs

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## THE BOW VALLEY CALL

Published Every Thursday in the heart of a Wonderfully Rich Ranching and  
Farming District.

Subscription, \$1.50 a Year; Foreign countries, \$2.00.

Exchange must be added on checks.

Legal Advertising 12 cents a line for first insertion and 8 cents a line for each subsequent inser-  
tion—12 lines to the inch. Locals 10 cents a line. Lost, Found, Astray, and Wanted adver-  
tisements 50 cents one insertion or three insertions for \$1. Display ads, \$1 per column inch  
per month. Changes should reach this office not later than noon each Monday.

Call Office—Corner Gleichen Street and Fourth Avenue  
P.O. Box 13 Telephone No. 12

W. PARK EVANS, - - Publisher and Proprietor.

Gleichen, Alberta, July 27, 1911

## Provincial Notes

Special correspondent, J. N. Mc-  
Donald, of the Albertan, in a three-  
hundred mile motor trip through  
the country south of Calgary, says,  
"A trip through Southern Alberta  
at the present time either by motor  
or by train is one of the most pleas-  
ant and delightful experiences that  
any one who is interested in the  
progress and development of the  
country could possibly have."

The whole country is one mass of  
luxuriant vegetation which is more  
marked when compared with con-  
ditions last year. For miles and  
miles in every direction is a sea of  
green fields, interspersed here and  
there by black patches, showing  
that the farmers are by breaking  
new land or summer fallowing  
making preparations for next year's  
crop. The amount of new land  
broken this year has only been  
limited by the power available.

Southern Alberta will without  
doubt, if nothing unforeseen hap-  
pens, harvest the best crops this  
year in the history of the country.  
This is true not only of one district,  
but of every district in Southern  
Alberta.

The harvest will be from two to  
three weeks earlier than in any  
former year, and already, the fields  
of fall wheat are taking on a yel-  
lowish tint and are beginning to  
ripen for the harvest.

The writer had the privilege  
last week of joining a party on a  
motor trip of over 300 miles through  
Southern Alberta, going as far south  
as Claresholm and east through the  
Carmangay, Barons, Kipp and  
Monarch districts as far as Leth-  
bridge, and saw more uniformly  
good crops than he ever did before.  
The route taken ran through miles  
and miles of fields of fall wheat and  
other grains, nearly every field of  
which gave promise of a very large  
yield.

### Luxuriant Crop of Wild Clover

Professor Elliott says he found  
growing wild in the Bow flats, just  
outside the city, the most luxuriant  
crop of clover ever noted in Alberta.  
An armful of the huge stalks was  
brought to the irrigation offices,  
and each stalk measured four feet  
six inches in height. Except for the  
abnormally developed stalks,  
the clover is very much like culti-  
vated white clover, bearing pinkish  
white blossoms. The sample was  
tied into a sheaf and placed on ex-  
hibition in the publicity depart-  
ment, at Calgary. Professor Elliott  
pronounced the growth as phenom-  
enal. Reports of a similar nature  
are being received daily from the  
cultivated areas in the district, and  
the drenching, dispiriting rains of  
which some have been complaining  
dimly have put farmers into  
smiling good humor everywhere.

### Rye Four Feet Nine Inches

Hal Carlton, chief of the Might-  
ingale colony, reported that fall rye  
sown last September had attained a  
height of four feet nine inches,  
and will be ready to harvest in ten  
days. There are magnificent crops  
of field peas in the colony. Alfalfa  
sown in June is eight inches up.  
All over the district crops could not  
possibly be better. Mr. Carlton  
seeded half acre plots of special  
oats and for barley seed, and is  
taking special pains to keep these  
plots clean. The season has been  
so propitious that he expects to have  
the finest sample of seed ever grown  
in Alberta.

### West Not Overpainted, says Noted Financier

Nicholas Butler Murray, a New  
York financier, equally as import-  
ant in the commercial world as  
J. P. Morgan or John D. Rocke-  
feller, passed through this city to-  
day in a private car on what he  
said was a vacation trip through  
northwestern United States and  
Canada.

Asked whether or not he was  
touring this country with any other  
purpose in view aside from person-  
ally inspecting it as a tourist, he  
said:

"I assure you that my trip is  
purely one of pleasure and I am  
quite incapable of expressing myself  
in sufficiently appreciative terms  
regarding the C.P.R. scenery."

"Regarding the agricultural de-  
velopment through the country, I  
am equally at a loss to properly ex-  
press myself. We of the east are  
so accustomed to hearing 'boosters'

stories of this country that for us to  
boost would be merely a repetition  
of the flowery word pictures that  
have been painted by your progres-  
sive citizens.

"And I find," continued Mr.  
Murray, "that these pictures have  
not been overpainted. Even a few  
hours' trip through this city of Cal-  
gary convinces a man accustomed  
to the greatest development that  
here there is not only rapid devel-  
opment but every reason for further  
and increased growth in years to  
come."

### Nebraska Germans to Settle in Alberta

Seeking Alberta farm lands for a  
colony of German farmers of South-  
eastern Nebraska, H. Marquardt,  
of Avoca, Nebraska, representing  
hundreds of thrifty German farmers  
in a section of Nebraska, where  
farming of every description is ex-  
tensively carried on it is evident  
from his observations on this visit  
that a number of who have become  
wealthy in Nebraska will invest  
thousands in Alberta property.

### Calgary Heads Per Capita Building List During past Six Months

In actual figures of increase, Cal-  
gary leads in building permits with  
\$1,252,734, and Saskatoon, Moose  
Jaw, Regina, Winnipeg and Hamil-  
ton following with increases of  
\$300,000 and over. Calgary heads  
the list in amount of money spent  
in building per capita during the  
six months with an average of \$164.  
25.

### General News Items

Mr. George Lane, the well-known  
western rancher and horse-breeder,  
carried off several prizes at the  
Winnipeg Fair last week.

J. P. Nash, layseed artist, who  
is preparing C.P.R. exhibit at  
American Land and Irrigation Ex-  
position to be held in New York  
next November, collected sixty dif-  
ferent varieties of native grasses at  
C. P. R. Demonstration Farm,  
Strathmore.

Mr. W. H. Hole Toder, of the  
C.P.R. steamships of London and  
Liverpool, is visiting Bow Valley to  
acquire information with regard to  
the C.P.R. irrigation farms, which  
are looming larger constantly in the  
Valleys calculations of prosperity.  
Mr. Toder has been in the habit of  
visiting the Eastern parts of Canada  
annually for some years, but he has  
never before had the gleams of the  
West to stir him to enthusiasm.  
He has been visiting Tiedale for  
four days, and has been much im-  
pressed by what he saw.

## Standard News

A very heavy wind and rain  
storm passed over the village on  
Sunday midnight; but little damage  
resulting. The Crown Lumber Co.  
were the principal sufferers having  
their new lumber shed blown over,  
and one or two others had out-sheds  
wrecked. There, fortunately, was  
no damage done to the crops.

The Danish Lutheran church  
held their first parish meeting after  
service, Sunday 16th inst., at J. R.  
H. Myrthu's residence. It was  
unanimously decided to call Rev.  
Breda Johanson, of Montana, as  
minister of the parish. They in-  
tend to secure lots from the C.P.R.  
to erect a church on, also a site for  
a cemetery. The building of the  
church will be commenced this fall  
by the laying in of a basement,  
which will be used in the meantime  
as a temporary meeting place. The  
canons of the church were passed.  
Sunday School will begin Sunday,  
July 23rd, and every Sunday after-  
wards.

The crops throughout the dis-  
trict are in splendid condition and  
well advanced, indicating a bounti-  
ful and early harvest.

Three of our residents, Messrs.  
Ole P. Larsen, Jense Rasmussen and  
J. R. H. Myrthu, had a very  
narrow escape from serious injury  
on Wednesday afternoon. They  
were passengers on the Calgary east-  
bound train, and got somewhat  
mixed up with the debris when the  
train collided. They fortunately  
escaped with a few bumps and a  
shaking; but they are now none  
the worse for their experience.

Don't get the idea into your head  
that you are Atlas, lugging the world  
around on your back.

## A. WHITELEY Plumber, etc.

Hot and Cold Water  
and Steam Fitter

All Work Guaranteed

CROWFOOT ST., GLEICHEN

P.O. Box 46

## THE HUB

This is the Weather

To Visit Us

If You Enjoy

COOL DRINKS

and

COOL GAMES

Rochon's Ice Cream  
Therefore the Best

E. URCH,  
Proprietor

### TROTTER STALLION FOR SERVICE

The Prize-Winning Stallion  
**BARON CHIMES**

WILL STAND FOR THE SEASON

1911 at

J. H. Riley's Blacksmith Shop

GLEICHEN

He is Registered under the rules of the  
American Trotting Register as follows:  
28993 Baron Chimes, (G) b.h. foal 1896,  
by Chimes, 5348; dam Mayetta, by  
Baron Wilkes, 4578; grand dam Augus-  
tine by Faneuil, 3149, etc.

Baron Chimes, 28993, time 2:16 (Six-  
fifths) in the 2:30 list; by Chimes (Sire)  
81 in the 2:30 list and four in the 2:0  
list; he by Electioneer (with dam) 131  
and sires of 160 in the 2:30 list; he  
by Hamilton 10, the world's famous  
sire for speed. First dam Jenny, the  
dam of Brian Bran who won the  
Canadian Futurity in Toronto in  
1902 (open to the Dominion); and V.  
2:15 1/2; Grace B. 2:24; Jenny Hume  
(Vol. XVI) by Nannon 7264, 2nd dam  
Katie Robinson by Ash and Patcher  
48, and others.

CERTIFICATE:  
The pedigree of the Trotting Stallion  
BARON CHIMES (28,993) is as follows:  
as follows: Breed, standard; color, bay  
foaled in the year 1896, has been exam-  
ined in the Department, and I hereby  
certify that the said stallion is of pure  
breeding, and is registered in a stud  
book recognized by the department.  
Dated at Edmonton, Alberta, this 31st  
day of January, 1911.

Geo. Harcourt,  
Deputy Minister of Agriculture  
TERMS OF APPLICATION TO  
**RILEY & TAYLOR**  
PROPRIETORS 21

## G. W. EVANS UNDERTAKER

A complete stock of Coffins and  
Caskets always on hand.

Embalming

Prompt and careful attention given

Office in

The Call Block, Gleichen

## PEOPLES' CAFE

The Most Up-to-date Parlors  
in Gleichen

Newly Decorated  
and Furnished

Soda Drinks  
Ice Cream

Of Every Known Flavor

Choicest Fruits



# A LITTLE STORY OF IRRIGATION

There were two men who had two adjoining quarter sections in the Canadian Pacific Railroad's Irrigation Block in Southern Alberta; one was a farmer, the other thought he was. They both got up early in the morning, cultivated their ground and planted their crops. The farmer employed irrigation intelligently; the other man trusted to the Lord to send the water along at the right time.

When the harvest came, the farmer took off 40 1-2 bushels of winter wheat to the acre, the other man took his note to the bank to have it renewed. The farmer made enough off his crop to:



1. Pay for the land at \$25 an acre

2. Reimburse himself for the expenditure in connection with cultivation of his land.

3. And to pay for the fences and other improvements on the land.

Irrigation farming is successful farming because it is business farming. You don't have to worry about weather conditions. Your crop is INSURED and your future and independence ASSURED.

Call at the office of the  
**CANADIAN PACIFIC IRRIGATION  
COLONIZATION COMPANY, LTD.**  
CALGARY, ALBERTA, and see the lands we have for sale.

## Mckie & Henderson Real Estate Fire and Life Insurance

"List to the Song of Spring," and  
**LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US**  
We Have Some Really Good Buys  
"DROP IN"

## THE GLEICHEN TRADING CO., Ltd.

### Hardware Department

ADVICE TO THE BUSY HOUSEKEEPER:



### Wilson Dress-hooks

If you wish to improve the appearance of your garments and avoid the embarrassment of an unhooked and gaping skirt or waist, don't fail to try Wilson Dress-hooks.

We recommend them, as they can't come unhooked accidentally, are flat and invisible and will outwear several garments. Can't rust or crush in the laundry.

Not like hooks and eyes or snap fasteners.  
One dozen on a card  
Large and Small  
In Gray, Black or White

Don't Spend a Whole Day  
over the Wash Tub, when you can do the same  
amount of work in less than half the time with  
one of our **WASHING MACHINES**

We have five different Styles of Washers and  
we can explain to you how

Wash day can be made the most  
Pleasant Day in the week.

Something Special in our  
Dry Goods Department

## Burnside Ranch

This ranch is owned by Mr. James Clark, another of the Clark brothers, and is the home of the McQueen stallions, from that great sire Matchless McQueen and his progeny.

Master MacQueen (No. 3451), at the Calgary Spring show, 1910, won 2nd in open class and 1st and championship Canadian bred class. At Edmonton, 1910, he won 2nd in Aged class of 24 and 1st and championship and special given by Clydesdale Horse association for the best Canadian bred stallion, any age. At Gleichen show, 1910, he won 1st and championship, for stallion and three of his get they won 1st at Calgary and Edmonton, 1910. His colts are very successful in the show rings, winning firsts and specials wherever shown.

Colonel MacQueen (No. 8925), sire, Master MacQueen (No. 3451), at the Calgary spring show, 1910, won 1st in three-year-old class and reserve championship Canadian bred stallions, and 1st at Edmonton show, 1910, in a strong class and reserve championship in both open and Canadian bred class. First at Gleichen show, 1910.

Clydesdale Stallion, Gay Times (Imp.) (No. 9323) (14690). At Calgary spring show, 1910 won 1st in four-year-old class and reserve championship in the open class. This was the only time he was shown.

These horses are looking in great bloom and are full of life. There was a bunch of sixty or eighty young mares in the corrals and some really first class animals were seen among them, some of the two-year-old being fit to grace any show ring. They were all of a chunky, heavy type, and will make very good farm or draught animals. The Clark Bros. at Hazeldean and Burnside have between them 1600 head of range horses outside of their pedigreed stock, and all are descendants of registered sires. Six hundred mares are being bred to the aforementioned stallions this year, and some really first class stock is being raised on the ranch. The Clark Bros. have been in the Crowfoot country since 1883 and have been large exhibitors at the leading shows, their four horse teams and others exhibits at Calgary and Edmonton fairs being of a very high order and with which they have won numerous prizes.

## Wedding Bells

### Marcotte-Gibeau

South Camp Mission was the scene of a pretty wedding Tuesday, at 10 o'clock, July 18th. The contracting parties being Mr. J. D. Marcotte, of Montreal, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Marcotte, of Sanguinet St., and Miss Lucresse Gibeau of Ouelletville, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. Gibeau. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Simonin. Music and singing by Rev. Nuns of Providence. The bride was dressed in a pearl grey serge traveling costume trimmed with silk ecollene and soutache braid. Her hat to match was a small turban trimmed with ribbon. Mr. Marcotte, was supported by Mr. Bechard, of Sidley Bask. The bride was given away by her uncle Mr. N. Gibeau, of St. Jean, Ilerveville. The bride wore a lovely comb set with diamonds gift of the groom. Her presents were numerous and beautiful. A superb dinner was given by the bride's mother at Crowfoot Creek. The following persons being present: Mrs. O. Gibeau, sons and daughters; Mr. and Mrs. N. Gibeau, Jean St. Ilerveville; Mr. and Mrs. Bechard, of Sask; Mr. and Mrs. A. Marcil, of Ouelletville; Mr. and Mrs. S. Gibeau, of Ouelletville; Mr. J. Sague, of Edmonton; Mr. A. Sague, of Ouelletville; Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Renaud, and daughters of Gleichen; Mr. and Mrs. Snowden, of Crowfoot Creek; Messrs J. B. and T. Corbett, Mr. and Mrs. Deneault, Messrs J. Tremblay, J. Harvey, H. Simonin, Leon Des Jardin, G. and R. Simard of Ouelletville; Dancing and music was indulged until 4 in the morning after which a dainty breakfast was served and friends departed for home. Dinner was given by her sister Mrs. Marcil, of Ouelletville, after which the happy couple left for their honeymoon to Sask, to visit her sister, and then will continue to Montreal, where they will make their future home. A warm welcome awaits them by their parents. All their friends wish them a long life of happiness and prosperity.

## Young Peoples' Institute

A meeting of the executive of the Gleichen Young Peoples Institute was held on Wednesday evening last and was well attended.

The treasurer (T. F. Rowe) read the financial statement of the Institute, showing that the gross receipts from the sports on July 1 amounted to \$167.70, and further donations \$30.00; the expenses to hand being \$49.00.

After passing the workmen's wages accounts for payment, it was urged that strong efforts be made to collect the annual membership fees as the money was urgently needed to complete the work in hand.

The subject of the unfinished sports was then taken up and discussed. It was finally decided to have an evening sports' meeting on Tuesday, August 1st. The committee were empowered to draw up a new program of events.

Many matters concerning the furnishing of the Institute and the comfort and pleasure of the members were satisfactorily arranged for.

It was decided that the deputations wait on the Council and urge support for the institute. (The deputations waited on the Council at the meeting on Friday night and received much encouragement from the Mayor.)

## TOWN AND DISTRICT

Thursday evening, July 21st the stork brought a boy to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dan McLeod. A is usual joy came with the boy, and congratulations galore.

Mr. E. Griesbach announces the engagement of Marten E. and Osa Johnson with their motion pictures and travelogues of "The South Sea Islands," for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 31st, Aug. 1st and 2nd. This should be a very instructive and interesting series.

It will be noticed by an advertisement in another column that G. F. Taylor has taken over the Sarnia Barn. George is well and favorably known as the proprietor of the old Police Stables, and with strict attention to business and a thorough knowledge of the requirements of the trade he should receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

While your friends may help you in an emergency, it isn't safe to count on making your living in that way.

You may wonder that the fakir puts up such a convincing argument. But it isn't any wonder; he has to be convincing or quit.

If you insist on running things, make up your mind that a lot of people will be waiting an opportunity to give you both barrels.

A woman, being patient, may listen to reason if you don't also insist that she be reasonable about it.

When a girl picks a ravelling off a young man's coat, it is about the same thing as proposing to him.

When a woman becomes interested in a case she has Sherlock Holmes over the ropes in the contest for the detective championship.

And many people who think it is a crime to work on Sunday believe it is all right to eat too much on that day.

While it is well to observe the speed limits, if you must hurry home, rush your work instead of your eating.

Subscribe to The CALL

## NOTICE

TENDERS will be received up to JULY 29th, 1911, for the building of a SCHOOL HOUSE known as the Craig Antler School District, No. 248. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Call Office, Gleichen. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. K. CRAPO, Secretary

## The J.C. Ranch Co.

Breeders and Importers of High-Class  
Clydesdale **MARES and STALLIONS**  
always FOR SALE at Right Prices.

JOHN CLARK, Jr.,  
Box 32, Gleichen, Alta.

## DO YOU WANT A WATCH? Gaudaur's Special

is a PERFECT PRODUCTION of  
Scientific Workmanship. Guaranteed for  
Two Years. Prices \$9.00 to \$14.00  
Gaudaur's Jewelry Store.

## COSGRAVE & NOTTER.

Hardware : Furniture : Paints and Oils

Farmers--The Hot Weather having come at last, accompanied by the usual Summer Pests

Mosquitos and Flies

We have to hand a Large Assortment of Hot Weather Requirements, as  
**Screen Doors Screen Windows**  
**Gasoline Stoves Blue Flame Oil Stoves**  
also

**Barb Wire beroid Roofing**  
**Melotte Wooden Pumps Myer's Iron Pumps**

Call In and Visit the Cool Store  
'Phone No. 10

## COSGRAVE & NOTTER

## Implements Machinery McCormack

I am carrying a full line of Pure

**Manilla Binder Twine**

650 Feet to the Pound.

Also Wagons, Plows, Harrows,  
Discs, Drills, Seed Cleaners, Etc.,

Sole Agent in this District for the

**Improved Brandon Sub-surface Packer**  
This machine is highly recommended by Prof. Campbell in his Soil Culture Method.

## A. F. LARKIN

Telford Building. - - - Gleichen

## THE ALBERTA TRANSFER

A. S. Woon, Manager

Successors to G. W. Hunter are now prepared to

**Receive or Deliver Packages,  
Goods and Merchandise**

With Prompt Dispatch

**Furniture and Household Effects Carefully  
Handled**

**COAL  
Coal Oil  
and Gasoline  
For Sale**

Office: Opposite Canadian Bank of Commerce  
'Phone No. 37 **Gleichen, Alta.**

## Go Ahead and Buy when Name is on the Can of Paint.

No risk at all in buying paints when the name is on the can. The name means that our Manitoba Lined Oil has been properly aged. Practical painters will tell you that oil not properly aged contains "foots" water and other gummy substances. These prevent the thorough incorporation of the oil and the pigment—retard the drying of the paint. Of course, if you wait months to use it shortly after it is made. But the extra care adds to the quality of the Paint.

For Sale

AND

Guaranteed by

Robt. J. Rowe





# MY DAUGHTER WAS CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Baltimore, Md.—"I send you here with the picture of my fifteen year old daughter Alice, who was restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was pale, with dark circles under her eyes, weak and irritable. Two different doctors treated her and called it Green Sickness, but she grew worse all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and after taking three bottles she has regained her health, thanks to your medicine. I can recommend it to all female troubles."—Mrs. L. A. CORRAN, 1108 Rutland Street, Baltimore, Md.

Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

**Young Girls, Heed This Advice.**

Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, free.

## The Secret of Domestic Happiness

"What is the secret of domestic happiness?" "Making mutual concessions." "Mutual? Bah! My husband and I get along fine, and I make him make all the concessions."—Toledo Blade.

## Canada's Butter Trade

Canada's export trade in butter is not so great at the present time that her farmers can afford to imperil their dairy industry by a tariff scheme that would, in all probability, make the country's imports in this article greater than her exports. In the year ending 1910 Canada shipped only 4,615,380 pounds of butter, worth \$1,010,274. Canada's imports of butter on the other hand, amounted to 687,464 pounds, worth \$104,301.

"He used to be a straight enough young chap. What made him get crooked?" "Trying to make both ends meet, I believe."—Toledo Blade.

Dysentery corrodes the intestines and speeds away the lining, bringing about dangerous conditions. Dr. J. D. Kellor's Dysentery Cordial clears the intestinal canals of the germs that cause the inflammation and by protecting the lining from further ravages restore them to a healthy condition. Those subject to dysentery should not be without this simple yet powerful remedy.

"Good intentions ought to count for something," remarked the generous person. "But they don't," replied Miss Cayenne. "The most impotent acquaintance I have is one lets you see what an effort she is making to be polite."—Washington Star.

## Minard's Liniment cures garget in cows

help a poor man who has seen better a poor man who has seen better days?"

Haughty Person (coldly)—I don't approve of promiscuous almsgiving. Seedy Chap (quickly)—"Nor do I of promiscuous acceptance, sir—why, I would not for a moment think of asking everybody!"—Puck.

## State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Ohio

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

FRANK J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists. 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

In Korea a marriage is even more important and essential for a man than it is for a woman, as, until a man be wed, he is a being of no account. If a father has not selected wives for his sons ere they reach the age of twenty he is considered worthless and neglectful.

Send for free sample to Dept. N. U., National Drug & Chemical Co., Toronto.

W. N. U., No. 825.

## ENGLISH RUGBY FOOTBALL

Old Country Style of Game is Making Rapid Strides in the Dominion.

In the past year an effort has been made to revive the English game of rugby football in the province of Quebec, and three strong teams have been formed in Montreal playing the game under the British Rugby Union rules. The three clubs are McGill University, Montreal English Rugby Football Club, and the Canadian Pacific Railway, E.R.F.C. In Ottawa the Royal Naval College also hopes to take up the game. English rugby football is further played to a great extent in Winnipeg, extreme Eastern Canada, British Columbia and California, where it has in recent years taken the place of the American game.

While it is not the wish of English rugby clubs in Canada to try and make converts to the British game, yet they feel that it is time that Canada, especially on account of her close situation to Great Britain, be able to put a fifteen in the field under British rugby rules and capable of holding its own against representative teams of Great Britain, or any of her overseas dominions.

This would make one game of rugby throughout the Empire and induce British, as well as the teams of South Africa, Australia, and New Zealand to visit Canada.

Almost 500 first class clubs are members of the British Rugby Football Union, and these clubs are spread all over the world, the head office of the rugby board being in London, England.

The rules governing the British game have changed considerably since the game was first played in these parts of Canada, now many years ago, and the game as played to-day is, no doubt, the fastest, exciting and most spectacular game of football in existence.

There are lots of men in this country who know and have played the grand old game, and many will probably come forward now and help the game along in the Dominion.

An English International team will probably visit Canada in the spring of next year.

## Montreal is Changing.

The aspect of the City of Montreal is changing rapidly, day by day. The spread of the residential areas westward, and northward, is simply phenomenal. The downtown section, which at the present time, is extending as far as Ontario street, is being rapidly given over to the ever-increasing demands of business. Numbers of old churches have already disappeared, within the last few years, and more will disappear in the near future. Old landmarks are disappearing and new ones are taking their place.

For years to come there will continue a succession of pulling down and building up, each fresh instance showing that the founders of Montreal never realized the proportions to which it would attain. A few figures will show succinctly what the growth of Montreal has been, and what may be expected in the future. The population in 1800 was 9,000; 1816, 16,000; 1825, 22,000; 1852, 57,700; 1900, 262,200; in 1905, there was an estimated population of 291,092; in 1906 after the annexation of St. Henry, St. Cuneo and Villerville, it was 337,406 and in 1908, 352,500. The present population of Montreal and its suburbs is probably about half a million.

The rapid growth of the City of Montreal, is shown by the fact that in 1883 its area was 4,624 acres, which had grown to 5,972 acres in 1900. Ten years later with various annexations, it had reached the extent of 25,747 acres, or over 40 square miles.

Since 1868 the taxable real estate of the city had increased in value ten times over, from \$39,174,120 to \$39,341,618 in 1910. In the same period the value of exempt property had increased from \$6,017,800 to \$109,192,499.

## Church Union Experiments.

While church union is being discussed throughout Canada, the experiment will be tried in Kingston as a vacation expedient during the next two months.

Rev. I. A. Montgomery of Knox Presbyterian Church takes his vacation this month, and during his absence his flock unites with the Methodist of Dominion square Methodist Church under Rev. E. I. Hart.

In August it will be the turn of the Methodist divine to take a holiday and his congregation during that month will go under the spiritual guardianship of Rev. Mr. Montgomery. The union of Presbyterian and Methodist Churches at the Village of Portmouth is also likely owing to the fact that the membership of both congregations is very small and it is difficult to keep up expenses. A committee from each church has been appointed to discuss the matter.

## One Hundred Years Old.

Ambrose Guay, the oldest citizen in Quebec City, recently celebrated the 100th anniversary of his birth, and the event was a memorable one. Over 300 relatives and friends assembled at his residence to do him honor, and after a mass at St. Jean Baptiste Church, there was a banquet. Mr. Guay is still in good health and spirits, but he was spirited away by his friends while the celebration was at its height, in order that he should not be too much fatigued by the event.

## Base For Chalk Lake.

As a result of the interview which Charles Calder, M.P.P. for South Ontario, had with Hon. Dr. Reaume recently, a more generous policy will be pursued in stocking the inland lakes of the east and the north with game fish. Chalk Lake is the particular place in which Mr. Calder is interested, and when the matter is taken up a more liberal policy with regard to the stocking of the lakes with bass will be inaugurated.

## A Youthful Inventor.

Samuel Colt was only fifteen years of age when he invented his famous revolver.

## THACKERAY'S ART.

Professor Saintsbury Discusses the Great Novelists.

Professor George Saintsbury has written an article for the special Thackeray centenary number of the London Bookman, in which he compares some of the great English novelists.

"The art of novel writing is not old," he says, "it is barely at the beginning of its third century, strictly speaking, and already there has fallen between Thackeray and that one of his predecessors who was most like him in kind and degree of greatness, Fielding, one of those curious veils which time drops now and then, but at quite uncertain intervals, and through which we can only see darkly, and by a certain effort and calculation."

"Of the great English dealers with life through fiction who are this side of that veil, Scott, though he is still on the right side of it to all but very poor and unhappy optics, seems to have been partly entangled in its folds to some, and undoubtedly, pioneer as he was, and dealing as he did mainly with romance itself and with past times, gives only partial play to the actual intimate knowledge of pure life that he possessed."

"Miss Austen, almost as absolutely life-like as Thackeray, has, we are told, her life-likeness obscured by a partly obsolete style, and she certainly limited and 'miniatured' her presentations."

"Butler, our pink friends' 'great-est living novelist,' did know life, but he chose to adulterate his knowledge to an intolerable degree with all the conventions, tricks, fashions, Dickens knew it better—in flashes, indeed, perfectly, but he again chose to subordinate his knowledge, itself very partial, to a perpetual glamor of comic or tragic fantasy, not real at all, as well as to worsting, such as political and social prejudices and crotchets, teasing mannerisms of style, hampering disqualifications of literary and other ignorance."

"Charles Reade, a genius certainly, never could get at the heart of any organic condition. Charlotte Brontë, a genius likewise, had too short and cramped an existence, too narrow an experience, too little critical faculty, and perhaps a temper none too genial."

"George Eliot bound herself to the schools and the systems till she became little more than a mere yes-grinder at the mill with scientific slaves."

"And the late George Meredith, himself a novelist, be it remembered, of the 'fifties, handed over in no dissimilar way his subtle and eccentric but real life knowledge as a familiar spirit to jargon and play to coterie galleries, and subtle cobweb spinning to catch the flies of foolish cleverness."

"But none of them ever quite mastered the problem, the quest of the novel proper, which is the present of criticism, without wandering from it or adding to it, of humor, life and character by the way of fiction."

Thackeray did. That he saw life whole is true. Who has, except God? He was human. But the almost superhuman thing about him is that in nothing that he does touch is he ever unlikeable, as, from different reasons and in different manners, all the great rivals and contemporaries mentioned above are, sometimes."

"No other writer with whom I am acquainted, save Shakespeare himself, and no other novelist at all, has this infallible and almost divine power of infusing life into every human figure that he creates, or that he even touches for a momentary purpose."

## The Stinging Tree.

In the southern part of Formosa grows a tree, about ten feet tall, having long leaves, which possess the property of the nettle and produce a maddening irritation of the skin when incautiously touched. The natives call it chiao jen kou, meaning "man biting dog." Mr. Tokutomi Ito of Tokyo, who has recently made a botanical exploration in Formosa, suggests the name "stinging tree" as a monitory warning title. There is another species of "stinging tree" in Australia which attains a height of fifteen feet and the effects of whose touch appear to be even more maddening to men and animals. Horses stung by it have had to be shot, and dogs when affected by the poison of the leaves run mad.

## Old Chums.

An interesting instance of a dog's friendship with a horse has occurred at Wigton, Cumberland, Eng. The horse and dog—the latter a two-year-old retriever—shared the same stable, and the dog, when its friend was taken to the field for its summer quarters, appeared quite disconsolate. Some time afterwards the dog was discovered in the field in attendance upon the horse, and it was with great difficulty persuaded to return to town.

## Literary Funds.

The royal literary fund in England was established as a result of the commiseration felt for Eloyer Sydenham, a Greek scholar of Oxford, who was thrown into prison for a debt for meals and died there at the age of eighty. The establishment of a fund to assist needy literary men was due principally to the efforts of David Williams, a Welsh nonconformist minister.

## A Celebrated Sulicide.

Haydon, the celebrated historical painter and writer, overcame by despair and ingratitude, laid down the brush with which he was at work upon his last great effort, "Alfred and the Trial by Jury," wrote with a steady hand, "Stretch me no longer upon this rough world," and then with a pistol shot put an end to his unhappy existence.

## Makes Them Pay.

Lord Charles Beresford is so frequently asked for his autograph that he now demands the sum of half a crown from each autograph hunter. The money goes to naval charities in which he is interested.

# BINDERS AT COCKSHUTT'S

FROST & WOOD Machines Lead All. Get Catalogue from the Cockshutt Dealer

## BEAU BRUMMEL

The Dandy Who Vied With George IV. for First Honors.

Brummel never pretended to be anything but a dandy. His recorded sayings prove that he was always ready to burlesque his own pose of exquisite fastidiousness and fragility. Thus he said that he had caught a cold because "on the Brighton road the other day, that infidel Weston (his valet) put me into a room with a damp stranger." There is also some merit in his poem "The Butterfly Funeral," particularly in this verse: The Dormouse attended, but cold and forlorn.

And the Gnat slowly winned his shrill little horn, And the Moth, who was grieved for the loss of a sister, Bent over the body and silently kissed her.

Brummel seems to have done no harm to anyone except his creditors, and to have had some kindness as well as shrewdness in his nature. Perhaps he wasted nothing except other people's money, for he may have been born a dandy, as Mozart was born a musician. If so, the fact remains that it is not well to be born a dandy, unless you can contrive to die young. Brummel lived to be sixty-two, and spent his last twenty-four years in exile in France, with no object in life except to dress as well as he could, and to let the hospital and the little fellow begin to cry.

Miss Clara Jerrold, in her book on "The Beaux and the Dandies," tells the story of his miserable end, and makes us see that at last he attained to a real dignity through suffering. He grew tattered and filthy, and one lady in Caen was the only person who would receive him. She was asked how you can admit such a creature, and she answered, "He is never in our way; and though it is true he is not now the amusing character he once was, I like to see him take his seat before my fire."

At last his mind went, and he was admitted to a convent where the insane were kindly treated. There he died, more happily, perhaps, than his rival George IV., who never forgave him for being the finer dandy.—Times.

## A HAPPY ACCIDENT.

H. G. Wells Owe His Literary Start to a Broken Blood Vessel.

In view of the criticisms aimed at him because of his recent books, "Ann Veronica" and "The New Machine," H. G. Wells has written what might be called a defence, but which is in fact more of an attack on his critics and on life. He tells in his own way of his emergence from the teaching profession into literature.

"Then I toiled for years to become either a biological investigator or a teacher. I set my face sternly against the sort of work I do now, and which even then attracted me most, because I thought it a more unprofitable indulgence of the mind. I hammered at the doors of school and laboratory for a chance—for half a chance—for just a little bit of a chance to give my life to these things. I did not understand that both these worlds are ruled by academic cliques; that I should have entered either only to live a life of embittered obscurity. I should have spent my days in hammering, suppressed, or unrecognized researches, and in attempts to ventilate highly specialized grievances, lived, indeed, like a man swearing with his head in a bag. But my good luck in its usual disguise of misfortune intervened, and one day as I ran down Villiers street with a bag of rock specimens I had been showing to a class of candidates for the London Bachelor of Science degree, I coughed and broke a blood-vessel. Thereby I was stretched out, it seemed, a broken and ruined and almost penniless young man, and as I could do nothing else I wrote, and in a year found myself free to live anywhere and write as I liked, twice as prosperous as I had ever been in my life before."

And after all, say what you will, who does not rejoice when he finds himself, by his own honest efforts, twice as prosperous as he was before?

## The Tall-Hatted Highlander.

Field Marshal Sir Evelyn Wood, V.C., who has recently formally assumed his new position as Constable of the Tower of London, surely holds the record for versatility among distinguished army officers, having served and fought in the navy, Light Dragoons, Lancers, Irregular Horse, and Highlanders, in addition to which he joined the Middle Temple and was called to the Bar in 1874, and is the author of works renowned for their high literary distinction. A good story may be told of his attachment to a regiment of Highlanders, when the latter were stationed at Portsmouth. Sir Evelyn, then a captain, one day returned from London, and with great hurry proceeded to array himself for parade. When he last emerged, he observed that his men were evidently at great pains to conceal their laughter, and he quietly questioned his subaltern as to the probable reason.

"Well, sir," replied the latter, "you are dressed correctly as to kit, sporting all the rest of it; but you have forgotten to remove your tall hat!"

## Insuring Jewels.

Some large insurances were offered to the companies, and members of Lloyd's on jewels to be worn by Indian princes attending the coronation. One insurance for \$425,000 was underwritten, and in another case the value of the property was between \$1,000,000 and \$1,500,000. In some instances the risks covered are those of transit to and from India, and that of burglary during the owner's stay in London.

## You Can't Dodge Microbes

The truth about microbes is that no person can evade them. A weakened constitution is almost sure to be their prey. Precautions against the omnipresent germ are well enough in their way, but the man who takes care of his general health is safer than the one who allows his constitution to become run down, even though the latter is equipped with an individual drinking cup.—Toronto Star.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

"Ya-as," drawled the Yankee, "I once knew a man, sir, who fell off a window sill in a flat twenty stories high, and never hurt himself, beyond a few bruises."

"Nonsense!" exclaimed the Englishman. "True!" asserted the other. "Up there he was, cleanin' the window, and he fell right off."

"Bosh!" said the Englishman. "How could that be?"

"Waal, sir," drawled the Yankee, "you see, he just happened luckily to fall inside!"

When Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to a corn or wart it kills the roots and the callosity comes out without injury to the flesh.

Little Jennie was ill and had to be sent to a hospital. In the same room with her was a little boy who was exceedingly fond of his father. The father had just left the hospital and the little fellow began to cry. "Try and go to sleep, Johnnie," said Jennie. "I can't," said Johnnie. "I just can't do without my papa."

"O, yes, you can, Johnnie," said Jennie, wisely. "You can do without anything but your own self."

Housekeeper at Lord X's—"And which way did you vote, Mr. Budd?" Butler—"The 'ole of this election has been fought on clarse 'atred, Mrs. Timms, and is directed against hus, and I did my duty accordin'!"—Punch.

## BABY'S OWN TABLETS CURE SUMMER COMPLAINT

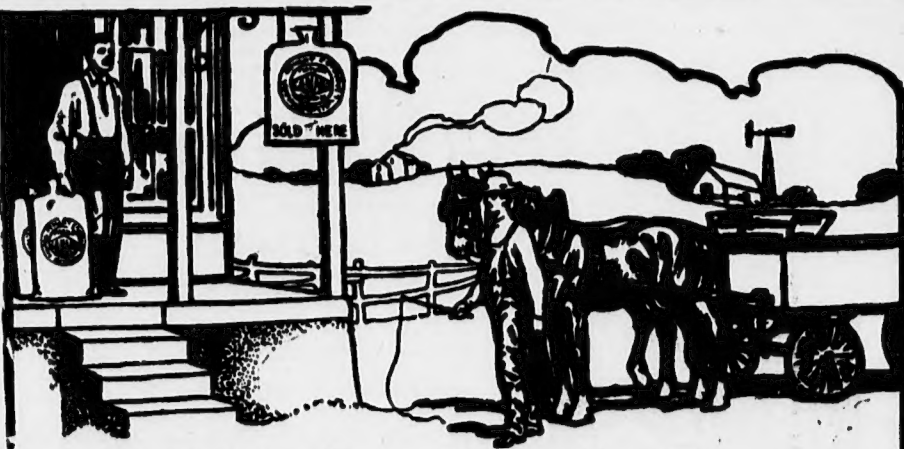
Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in every home where there are babies or young children. At no time of the year is baby in such danger as in summer. At the first sign of illness the Tablets should be given to the little one, for summer complaints come on so quickly that unless prompt aid is at hand baby may be beyond help in a few hours. The Tablets never fail to relieve the sick child, and if occasionally given to the well child will keep him well. Mrs. Desire Martin, St. Denis, Que., writes: "I have a baby three months old who suffered from colic and constipation. Castor Oil was of no help at all, but Baby's Own Tablets speedily cured him and now I always keep them in the house."

The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Little Edgar, 4 years old, is fond of being read to and always remembers the story and frequently quotes from it. One evening I was trying to sing him to sleep when he raised up in bed and said: "Mamma, you paddle your own canoe; I can go to sleep myself."

"I don't believe bachelors have any hearts," she said. "Why, we're just the men who do have them," he replied. "Why is that?" she asked. "Because we haven't lost them."

Uppson—"You have a new baby at your house, I hear?" Downing—"Great guns! And we live four miles apart! I had no idea anyone could hear him that distance!"



## \$3,600 in Cash Prizes for Farmers

WHEN you enter the Canada Cement Prize Contest, your dealer will assist you. Consult him in reference to conditions of the contest. Refer all questions of doubt to him to decide. Confer with him when his experience and advice and his knowledge of our plan would seem helpful.

Don't hesitate about doing this. We have requested him to assist to the best of his ability any farmer in his locality competing in this contest—whether it's a matter involving the application of cement, or how to go about winning one of the prizes offered in this contest. Do you realize that you have as good a chance as the next man to win one of these prizes? There are four for each Province, as follows:

PRIZE "A"—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who will use during 1911 the greatest number of bags of "CANADA" Cement. PRIZE "B"—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who in 1911 uses "CANADA" Cement on his farm for the greatest number of purposes. PRIZE "C"—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who furnishes us with photograph

showing the best of any particular kind of work done on his farm during 1911 with "CANADA" Cement. PRIZE "D"—\$100.00 to be given to the farmer in each Province who submits the best and most complete description of how any particular piece of work shown by accompanying photograph was done.

Contest will close on November 15th, 1911, and as soon as possible thereafter, prizes will be awarded.

Be sure and get a copy of our Contest Circular, telling all about the contest. Ask your dealer for one or use the attached coupon, if you find it more convenient.

In writing us, mention whether you have received your copy of "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete," a probably illustrated 16-page book which tells you how to build with concrete, so that you can do much of the work yourself. It's a mighty handy and useful book, and should save you many a dollar. Farmers who have received it, say it is splendid. Write to-night and I will go back to you with Prize Contest Folder, by return mail.

Canada Cement Company, Limited, Montreal

Please send Circular and Book. Name..... Address.....



## THE PERFUME OF THE LADY IN BLACK

By GASTON LEROUX,  
Author of "The Mystery of the Yellow Room."  
Copyright, 1909, by BRENTANO'S

(Continued.)

## CHAPTER XVII.

## The Return of Arthur Rance.

THE weapon belonged to Prince Gallitzin, but there was no doubt in the mind of any one of us that it had been stolen by Old Bob, and we could not forget that with his latest breath Bernier had accused Larsen of being his assassin. Never had the image of Old Bob and that of Larsen been so inextricably confounded in our restless spirits as since Roulettable had found "the old dagger known to the human race" dripping with the blood of Bernier. M. Edith had at once realized that henceforth the fate of Old Bob lay in the hands of Roulettable. And therefore M. Edith, who in her final affliction had not ceased to believe that the man who lay on his bed in the square tower was truly her uncle, had begun to imagine, thanks to the bloody weapon, that the invisible Larsen had woven so strong a web of circumstantial evidence around Old Bob that it could scarcely be broken with the design of making the old man suffer the punishment for the wretch's own crimes and also the dangerous weight of his personality. M. Edith trembled for Old Bob and for herself.

And the incriminating fact remained that there had been nothing anywhere around the corpse of Bernier but the stone knife which Old Bob had stolen! She read the certainty of this conviction in the eyes and in the manner of Roulettable and of Darzac. But she understood as soon as the young man began speaking that he seemed to have no other end in view than to save Old Bob from the suspicions of the authorities.

Roulettable in giving his evidence proved with a logical accuracy that overwhelmed the examining magistrate and plucked the delegate into despair that the deed could only have been committed by the dead man himself. The four persons at the postern gate and the two persons in Old Bob's room had each been looking at the others and had not lost sight of each other while some one was killing Bernier a few steps away, so it was impossible to believe that the killing could have been done by any other than the victim.

To this the examining magistrate, greatly interested, replied by inquiring whether any of us had reason to suspect any motive for suicide on the part of Bernier, to which Roulettable answered that the supposition of suicide might easily be laid aside and that of accident substituted for it. The stone, which might have attracted his attention by its strange form, might have been picked up by Pere Bernier, and if he had happened to slip and fall while holding it in his hand everything would be explained, and very simply. Pere Bernier undoubtedly must have thus unfortunately fallen upon this triangular flint, which had pierced his heart.

One of the physicians summoned to care for Old Bob was called, and he decided that Bernier's fatal wound was caused by the flint.

As to M. Edith and myself, after some futile and useless questions asked while the doctors were at the bedside of Old Bob, we were allowed to leave the room, and we went to sit in the little parlor just outside the bedroom and were there when the magistrates were ready to depart.

Edith suddenly seized me by the hand and cried out:

"Do not leave me! I beg of you not to leave me! I have only you left. I do not know where Prince Gallitzin is—I do not know anything about his husband. That is what makes this so horrible. Arthur sent me a message saying that he was going in search of Tullio. He does not know even yet that Bernier has been murdered. Has he found the 'bandman of the sea'? Is it from this man—from Tullio now that I expect the truth? And not a word has come! It is horrible!"

As she took my hand so confidently and held it for a moment in her own I felt that I was for M. Edith with all my heart and soul, and I assured her that she might rely upon my devotion.

Roulettable never failed to cast a glance in our direction every time he had the opportunity.

"Ah, he is watching us!" exclaimed M. Edith.

"You ought to be grateful to Roulettable," I ventured to remind her, "for his intervention and his silence relative to 'the oldest knife known to the human race.' If the officers had learned that this stone dagger belonged to your uncle Bob, what could have hindered them from placing him under arrest?"

"Oh!" she cried bitterly. "Your friend has as many good reasons to keep silence as I have, and I dread only one thing, M. Salicrue—I dread only one thing."

"And what is that?"

"I fear lest he has saved my uncle from the authorities only to ruin him more completely. At all events, it is necessary to be ready for anything and I know how to defend him so long

as I draw breath." And she showed me a tiny revolver which was hidden in her gown.

"Is it actual truth that you are ready to defend me?" she demanded, turning her beautiful eyes full upon my own.

"I am ready."

"Against your friend even?"

"If it should be necessary," I answered, with a sigh, passing my hand across my forehead.

"Very well; I believe you," she answered. "In that case I will leave you here for a few minutes. You will guard this door for me."

And she pointed to the door behind which Old Bob was resting. Then she ran out of the room. Where was she going? She confessed to me later. She was going to look for Prince Gallitzin. Oh, woman, woman!

She had scarcely disappeared under the arch when Roulettable and M. Darzac entered the room. They had heard all that had passed. Roulettable advanced to my side and told me quietly that he was aware that I had betrayed him.

"You are using a large word, Roulettable," I exclaimed. "You know that I am not in the habit of betraying any one. M. Edith is really very much to be pitied, and you do not pity her enough, my friend."

"Ah, well, you pity her too much."

I started to make some reply, but Roulettable cut short my words with a dry gesture.

"I ask you only one thing—only one, you understand. It is that, no matter what may happen—no matter what may happen—you shall not address one word to either M. Darzac or to myself."

"That will be a very easy thing to promise," I replied, foolishly irritated, and I turned my back upon him.

But at the same moment the officers coming out of the castle called to us. The inquest was at an end. There was no doubt, in their eyes, after the declaration of the doctors, that the affair had been an accident, and that was the verdict which they felt obliged to render. Darzac and Roulettable accompanied them to the outer gate.

As I stood leaning on my elbows at the window I suddenly heard a sound which fell upon the evening air like the blow of an immense gong, and I knew that it was Roulettable who had ordered the iron gates to be closed.

Not a single minute passed after that when I saw M. Edith rush into the room and hurry to me as though I were her only refuge.

Then I saw Darzac appear, then Roulettable, and leaning on his arm was the Lady in Black. It could now very easily be seen that she was making a powerful effort to hide the horror which in spite of all, pierced through her troubled glance and to hide from us the emotion which made her clasp feverishly to the arm of her young companion. Darzac, too, had the same look of gloom and of a judge. But that which most of all added to our surprise and alarm was the entrance of Pere Jacques, Water and Mattioni into the square tower. All three were armed with muskets and placed themselves in silence before the door, where they stood with military precision while they received from the lips of Roulettable the order to let no person go out from the old chateau. Edith was overwhelmed with terror and demanded of Mattioni and Water, both of whom were greatly attached to her, what their presence signified and what their weapons threatened; out to my great astonishment, they returned no answer. Then the little woman rushed to the door which gave access to Old Bob's room, and, extending her two arms across the threshold as if to bar the passage, she cried:

"What are you going to do? You do not mean to kill him?"

"No, madame," replied Roulettable gravely. "We are going to judge him. And in order to be sure that the judges shall not be executioners we are all going to swear upon the body of Pere Bernier after having laid down our arms that each of us will keep guard over himself."

And he led us into the chamber where M. Edith continued to groan beside the bier of her spouse. There we laid aside our revolvers and took the oath which Roulettable exacted.

The oath having been taken, Roulettable, with the Lady in Black still on his arm, went from the funeral chamber into the corridor, but instead of directing our steps toward the apartment of Old Bob, as we expected him to do he went straight to the door which afforded entrance to the chamber of "the body too many," and, drawing from his pocket the little special key of which I have spoken, he opened the door.

We were all astonished in entering the rooms which had been occupied by M. and Mme. Darzac to see upon M. Darzac's desk the drawing board, the wash drawing upon which our friend had worked at the side of Old Bob in the latter's workshop in the Court of the Hotel and also the little dish full of red paint and the tiny brush drenched with the paint. And, lastly, in the middle of the desk there was placed, appearing very much at its ease, upon its hoody jaws, "the oldest skull of humanity."

Roulettable looked and bolted the door and said to us, himself greatly affected, while we listened with stupefaction:

"Sit down, if you please, ladies and gentlemen."

"You will acknowledge," began Roulettable, "that there is here around this table one chair too many and in consequence one person too few—to particularize, M. Arthur Rance, for whom we cannot wait much longer."

"Perhaps at this very moment my husband possesses the proofs of Old Bob's innocence," observed M. Edith.

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Edith, whom all these preparations had disturbed more than any one else. "I entreat Mme. Darzac to join me in imploring these gentlemen to do nothing until Arthur's return."

The Lady in Black had no opportunity to intervene, for before Mme. Edith finished speaking we heard a loud noise outside the door of the corridor. A knock came at the door, and we heard the voice of Arthur Rance begging us to open immediately. He cried:

"I have brought the pin with the ruby head!"

Roulettable opened the door.

"Arthur Rance, you are come then at last!" he exclaimed.

Edith's husband seemed plunged into the deepest melancholy.

"What have you to tell me? What has happened? Some new misfortune? Ah, I feared so—fear that I had arrived too late when I saw the iron gate closed and heard the prayers for the dead chanted in the tower. Yes, I knew that you had executed Old Bob."

Roulettable, who had closed and bolted the door behind Arthur Rance, turned to the American and said:

"Old Bob is alive, and Pere Bernier is dead. Be seated, monsieur."

Rance stared at the speaker in amazement, then looked in consternation at the drawing board, the dish of paint and the bloody skull and demanded:

"Who killed him?"

Then, condescending to notice that his wife was there, he pressed her hand, but his eyes were fixed upon the Lady in Black.

"Before his death Bernier accused Frederic Larsen," answered M. Darzac.

"Do you mean to say by that that he accused Old Bob?" interrupted Rance indignantly. "I will not suffer that. I, too, had some doubts in regard to the personality of our beloved uncle, but I tell you that I have the ruby headed pin."

(To be continued.)

## WHO IS A BRITON?

Anomalies That Exist in Home and Colonial Naturalization.

A queer inconsistency in the naturalization laws of Britain and her Dominions was again discussed at the recent Imperial Conference in London.

A foreigner who comes to Canada may, after a residence of three years, take the oath of allegiance, and we call him a British subject. In other colonies and dominions there are varying rules as to length of residence required, none of them running up to five years. But in Great Britain a foreigner must live five years in the country before he can be naturalized.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier and other colonial Premiers pointed out the injustice of this inconsistency. "A British subject anywhere ought to be a British subject everywhere," urged Sir Wilfrid.

Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill agreed that a person having been naturalized in any part of the Empire and having, in addition, resided therein for five years should be deemed a British subject in the Imperial sense, and this will probably be made law. This will relieve the situation considerably, but Britain will stick to her five-year qualifying period.

In dealing with this question in a recent issue of The Busy Man's Magazine, Mr. Roden Kingsmill says:

"No one of the thousands of Americans who have taken the Canadian naturalization oath is a British subject. Nor are the Germans, the Icelanders, the Galicians, or any other alien newcomers to Canadian soil. They think they are as fully British subjects as the native-born Canadian or Scotchman, or Irishman, or Englishman. They are not. All that Canada has given them is the right to vote in Canada, to serve on juries, or in the volunteers, to sit in the Canadian Parliament or the Provincial Legislatures, and to enter those professions which no outsider can join."

"Canada has not enfranchised these aliens under false pretences. Neither are the British Ministers of the Crown greatly to blame. When the question of Empire-wide naturalization first came up at the Colonial Conference, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain promised to do his best to secure a change in the Imperial regulations. But illness brought about the great Commoner's retirement. Alfred Lytton, his successor, evinced slight interest in the question. Then, four years ago, the Campbell-Bannerman Government came in, and at the Imperial Conference of 1908, the Canadian Prime Minister brought the question up again. Herbert Gladstone, the Home Secretary, promised to give the matter his attention. But a general election began to loom on the political horizon, and minor matters were disregarded."

Even a man like Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, though a naturalized Canadian citizen, has no rights as a British subject outside the Dominion, as matters stand.

An interesting point, however, in this connection has been brought up by Mr. J. Castelle Hopkins. Mr. Hopkins was born in the United States during a brief residence there of his parents, who came from England. But he was always a British subject, and neither he nor his brother had to be naturalized when they came to Canada. If his father had exercised the rights of American citizenship, or if he himself had reached his majority in the United States and had done the same, the case would have been different.

Sunlight.

Exposure to sunlight is one of the best disinfectants for clothing known. The light passing through glass will not do it.

A Paper Dome.

The dome of the observatory at Greenwich is made of paper mache.

The Shark.

The shark, which holds the record for long distance swimming, has been known to cover 800 miles in three days.

## HELPS BREAD WINNER

QUEBEC'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY IS A SUCCESS.

The Effort of Hon. L. A. Taschereau, Minister of Public Works and Labor to Abolish the Innumerable Evils of Private Agencies Has Had a Splendid Result—No Fee Is Required—No Mentlin of Creed.

Without, as yet, being confronted with the complex economic problems which exist in older countries, Canada embraces the wholesome ideal that no willing worker should lack three meals each day and a place to sleep at night. She has not yet labored under the delusion that it is her duty to see that her population, and the ever-increasing number of settlers from overseas, are all provided with remunerative tasks. On every hand opportunities offer, and the unwilling can take the consequences of their habits.

Nevertheless, the rapid development and growth of the country has resulted in precipitating, in a minor manner, conditions which show a tendency towards some of those problems which are the curse of Europe, and in the Province of Quebec the Government has taken it upon itself to aid the willing in their search for work.

The new arrival from the Old Country, too frequently under the impression that the Dominion has halted her forward step until he has arrived to direct her destiny, starts his career under some disadvantage, and before he has properly settled gets so severely "up against it" that he ships home again with opinions of Canada which are seized upon by the English editors on the hunt for a hot sensational feature.

Some years ago the writer traveled to England on a cattle "tramp," on board of which was a band of disgruntled natives of the British Isles, says St. George's Burgoyne in Canadian Century. The tenor of their complaint was that they had been "done" ever since leaving the vessel which landed them at Quebec, and in almost every instance their venom was directed against employment agencies. Their experience has been one of pay, pay, pay. They had been sent to places where there was already a glut in the labor market, and where some of them had been fortunate enough to secure employment it was frequently not of the nature represented by the "agents," and the monetary consideration was dollars below what had been promised. They were unanimous in declaring the Dominion a "bloomin' ole," and landed on English soil with determination to tell their comrades at home the truth about the country.

Although the employment agency evil has time and time again shown itself to exist, those interested have usually found more profitable material in the immigrant ignorant of the English language. The provincial authorities have promised sweeping reforms for some time past, and it is confidently expected that a thorough investigation into the methods of these agencies will be undertaken in Montreal shortly. The civic business tax will, it has been stated, be supplemented by a license from the principal authorities to be granted gratis when their officers have satisfied themselves as to the bona fides of the business carried on.

The move of the Provincial Government in opening in both Montreal and Quebec a Free Employment Office has already had the effect of drawing away from the various privately-operated labor agencies a considerable number of applicants, and the success of the undertaking, despite the fact that the bureau in Montreal was only opened on April 3 has more than justified its existence.

Thus far the applications received have run into the thousands each week, a large percentage of which numbers have been for work as laborers—a class of applicant which is hard to place until navigation is well open. At the same time there has been a surprisingly large list in the skilled branches, and these, with a reasonable delay, have all been placed.

No fee is exacted from the applicant who states his want, which is kept on file. There is no question of creed in the application form—the designation of religious belief being optional. If a request is already on hand from an employer for the class of applicant applying he is sent out with a card detailing his capabilities, and if engaged the employer returns the card to the bureau, where it is filed away for future reference should the applicant again apply for work.

This method, apart from its statistical value, serves as a trace on the career of the worker placed by the bureau.

The need and possibilities of such an aid to the searcher for work was for some time evident to the Hon. L. A. Taschereau, Provincial Minister of Public Works and Labor, and he instructed Mr. Louis Guyon, Provincial Inspector of Factories and Public Buildings, to visit the United States in search of the best model on which to operate the office in Montreal, and after consideration it was decided that the method followed in the Free Employment Office in Boston was best suited to the requirements of Montreal, and the bureau was opened here, Mr. Louis Payette as superintendent.

The staff is qualified to deal with the work and the tactful manner in which it handles the crowds which pass the counter has removed all elements of distaste which the more sensitive of the applicants might have felt in making their wants known.

Two competent women have charge of the female side in placing domestic servants, cooks, seamstresses, and other lines of feminine industry, and it is on their side that the human interest element has more readily shown itself.

## CANADA'S SHARE.

Dominion Has Played an Important Part in Steam Shipping.

It is interesting to note that Canada has taken quite an important part in the development of steam navigation. The "Accommodation," built by Molson in 1809, was the first passenger steamer to ply upon British Colonial waters, and ran between Montreal and Quebec. The first steam vessel to make a transatlantic passage was also built and owned by Canadians. The "Royal William," as she was called, was built at Cap Blanc, Quebec, by George Black and J. S. Campbell for the Quebec and Halifax service of a Quebec company. She was built of wood on a clean lined semi-clipper model, 178 feet overall, keel 146 feet, breadth of beam inside paddleboxes 29 feet 4 inches, breadth outside paddleboxes 43 feet 10 inches, depth of hold 17 feet 9 inches. Her measurement tonnage was 830 tons. On April 29th, 1831, she was launched and christened after the King, by the wife of the then Governor-General, Lord Aylmer. She was towed to Montreal, where her engines were installed, and in the fall of the year made one or two trips to Halifax. Although she had auxiliary sails to assist her engines in favoring winds, the "Royal William" was propelled by steam alone.

When in Halifax she came under the attention of Samuel Cunard, founder of the Cunard Line, and he became very much interested in her, and ultimately became a director in the company which owned the vessel. It is said that it was through his connection with this little steamer that the mighty fleet which bears his name was formed.

In 1832, trade being very poor in Canada, it was thought advisable to send the "Royal William" across the Atlantic to be sold, and on August 4th, 1833, she left Quebec for London, under the command of Captain McDougall. After coaling at Pictou, N.S., she arrived at Gravesend on September 11th; coaling again at Cowes in the Isle of Wight on her way. Her passage time between port and port was 25 days, during which she steamed all the way.

Canada and Canadians in the past have shown their genius and ability in shipbuilding affairs, and, now, with the establishment of shipbuilding plants in the country, it remains to be seen whether the Dominion will regain, in some manner, an almost forgotten supremacy.—Canadian Century.

## Many Montreals.

The other cities of Canada are casting green eyes of jealousy upon Montreal, beneficiary of the mysterious Meurling bequest. The metropolis itself is not overcloud in its exultation. It may be only a mare's nest. There are more Montreals than the one we are accustomed to look to. And in this reflection it finds a Job's comforter. "Le Courrier de l'Ouest," bearing mention to the following effect: "Some time ago our Montreal contemporaries announced that a French philanthropist rejoicing in the name of Meurling had died at Nice, bequeathing \$150,000 to his city."

"The aldermen of the metropolis were very much affected by this generosity on the part of an absolute stranger. They are recovering, or at least their emotion is changing into one of another kind. There is Montreal and Montreal. The largest of the late philanthropist was not directed towards the Canadian Hub, but towards Montreal, a little town in the District of Carleton Place, in the Department de l'Aude, France—unless indeed Montreal, principal town of Gers, happens to be meant."

"Montreal may have to spend a pretty penny before it becomes convinced, by the discovery of two homonyms in France, that it is not the only pebble."

## Has a Canadian Wife.

Sir Henry Seymour King, the Unionist M.P. who has just been unseated in Central Hull, chiefly on account of a free distribution of what is called in England "coals" and of "sweets," in celebration of his 25th anniversary as member of Parliament, is married to a Canadian lady who was a Miss Jenkins, daughter of Rev. Dr. John Jenkins of Montreal. Sir Henry is the head of a great banking house, in the front rank of financial institutions in England and in India. With his Indian blood, his Canadian wife, and his reputation for mountain climbing and yachting all over the world, Sir Henry's interests may be described as truly Imperial. Formerly Sir Henry's business was a banking and publishing house. Over forty years ago the lines were separated, and to-day Smith, Elder & Co. is a firm as justly celebrated among publishers as is that of H. S. King & Co. among bankers.

## Died at 102.

Mrs. Robert Hughes, Lanark County's oldest citizen, died at her home in Innisville recently at the great age of 102 years, after a short illness. Her son, Robert Hughes, was buried a few days before from the same homestead at the age of 87 years.

The late Mrs. Hughes was born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1809, and came to this country with her parents when only nine years of age. She leaves many children and great-grandchildren, some in California, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Toronto, Montreal, and Ottawa. Mrs. Hughes retained the use of her faculties to a wonderful degree to the very last.

## Rejected Immigrants.

In the statement for the last fiscal year the Canadian Immigration authorities show that 17,614 immigrants were rejected at the ports of entry or on the frontier. Of these 15,604 were from the United States, while 2,210 were rejected at the ocean ports. The Englishman is in the unenviable position of heading the list, as out of 744 immigrants deported for physical unfitness, crime or other causes, 340 were English subjects. Americans came next with 169 persons deported, while of other nationalities, 90 were Scotch, 33 were Irish, and 13 were Italian.—Century.

## BUILDING RAMPANT.

Gains in Canadian Cities Are Greatest in Years.

For the first time in several years Toronto has fallen to second place among the cities of Canada in the monthly building returns compiled by Construction. This is for the month of May.

The figures indicate that building activity is veritably rampant throughout the country. At no previous time, considering the large list of cities reporting, have the gains been greater in number, or the individual increases of more striking magnitude.

Calgary's heavy investment, amounting to \$3,618,812, shows a remarkable state of development, as does also Toronto total of \$2,643,755, and Vancouver's amount of \$2,488,650. In fact, all sections with the seven exceptions previously noted, experienced a most marked advance. Winnipeg, where new work amounting to \$2,229,450 was undertaken, reversed the less favorable condition of the previous month. Brandon, in the same province, with an investment of over half a million, is 106 per cent. ahead. In Saskatchewan, Regina, with a total of \$1,036,190, jumped forward 190 per cent.; Prince Albert advanced 740 per cent.; and Moose Jaw annexed a gain of 44 per cent. Other western gains are Edmonton, 118 per cent.; Medicine Hat, 89 per cent.; and Victoria, 11 per cent. North Vancouver, while not submitting comparative figures, indicates by her amount of \$52,068, a very whole-some condition.

A notable feature of the month was the marked reversal of conditions in the Eastern Maritime district. Halifax, Sydney and St. John, which were behind the two previous months, are all on the "upside," the former noting an advance of 207 per cent. and the latter two places gains of 378 and 30 per cent. in order named.

In Quebec, aside from Montreal's total and the figures of Westmount, which gives a gain of 23 per cent., statistics are unavailable, although it is definitely known that Quebec City and a number of the smaller municipalities undertook a substantial amount of work. This also is true of other unheard-of centres in the various other provinces, many of which are establishing new records with each succeeding month.

As to the immediate outlook, it might be said that at no time in the past has there been so much important work in prospect. June, July and August should record tremendously large totals, although labor troubles which threaten at the present time might interfere to some extent with operations in one or two important centres.

## The Rabbi's Retort.

Rev. Solomon Jacobs, rabbi of Holy Blossom Synagogue, is one of the easiest and most pleasant of Toronto's prominent citizens to interview if he is approached at the proper time and in the proper manner. Some time ago, however, a woman reporter called upon him to ask for information about the Jews and Jewish customs, and found him very "different."

She asked him—for she had been at his synagogue—what the ark and the Hebrew words over it signified. Having had it explained that the Ark of the Covenant is the place where the scrolls are kept, and that the words were the ten commandments, she followed up with a lot more questions until the rabbi was a little tired. The lady thought it queer that he volunteered no information. But presently he did.

"We have a Christian lady to play the organ," he observed.

"Indeed," answered the interviewer, "and why is that, pray?"

"Oh," said the rabbi, "it's work, and we never allow our Jews to work on the Sabbath."

And with that he terminated the interview.—Toronto Star Weekly.

## Ontario Minerals.

The Ontario Government returns of the mineral production for the first three months of 1911 show an increased production of 1,180,560 ounces of silver, and an increase in value of \$667,880.

The total production of the metalliferous mines and works of Ontario for the period amounted in value to \$6,806,760. The output of silver was 7,530,497 ounces, worth \$3,708,544. The Gowganda and Elk Lake district produced 132,000 ounces, and South Lorrain 66,795 ounces. The production of copper was 2,121 tons, valued at \$303,240, a decrease of \$53,824; nickel, 4,124 tons, valued at \$884,992, a decrease of \$246,033; iron ore, 11,621 tons, valued at \$24,404, an increase of \$9,370; pig iron, 115,454 tons valued at \$1,823,717, an increase of \$73,321; cobalt and nickel oxides, 107,046 tons, valued at \$28,062.

## Museum Gets Relics.

Dr. R. B. Orr, of the Provincial Museum, has just received a collection of Indian relics that have been collected from the sites of old Indian villages in the townships of York, Vaughan, and King. The collection consists of arrow and spear heads, some of them about five inches long, brooches, beads, skinning knives, axes, hammers, and a number of beautifully carved pipes. One pipe is especially well made, being of the John Bull type, and the engraving is almost perfect. The collection was gathered by the late Jos. Smets, of Laskau, and was presented to the Provincial Museum by his son Thomas.

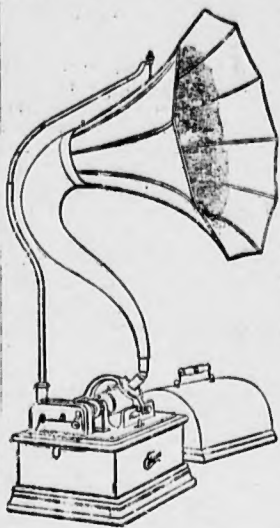
## Kingston's Population.

According to the returns of the Government census, just concluded, Kingston's population is about 10,000. The Village of Portsmouth, taking in the Penitentiary and Rockwood Asylum, has a population of about 1,800. The actual population of Portsmouth is placed at 874. The population of the penitentiary is 494, and Rockwood Asylum 618.

## The Speaker.

"I am quite surprised, Mr. Meeker, at your wife's knowledge of Parliamentary law." "She? Great Caesar! Her husband has been speaker of the house for the last fifteen years!"—Canadian Courier.



**\$52 Edison Phonograph FREE \$52**

To the PERSON GUESSING the nearest to the POPULATION of CANADA which the Government will announce about Oct. 1st

Every Person has a Guess for every \$1.00 worth Purchased at the

**GLEICHEN PHARMACY**  
The CONTEST STARTS  
Friday, July 14th

and will Close Two Days before the Official Announcement, when the ballot box will be handed over to the CALL, to be opened, and to announce the winner.

Each Contestant will have the privilege of writing their own Guess and placing it in a sealed box.

The  
**HOME PHONOGRAPH**  
is sold at \$52 by the Edison People and cannot be purchased for less money anywhere.

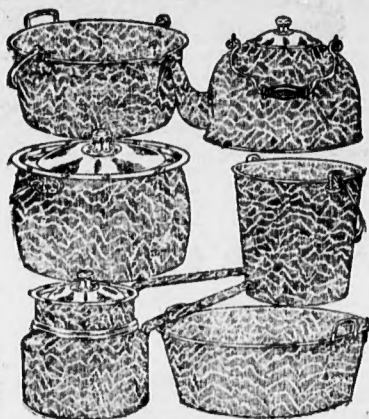
Watch This Space  
for Particulars Next Week.

**A New Brand of Flour**

We are always interested in giving our Customers the Best Goods, and believe that in the CAR OF FLOUR Just Received we have the best in the Market, and want everyone to try it:

Golden Grain per sack	- -	\$3.50
" " 1-2 "	- -	1.75
" " 1-4 "	- -	.95
Champion, per sack	- -	3.25
" " 1-2 "	- -	1.65

**BARCLAY & HALL**  
General Merchants



**WE**  
Are Offering  
Great  
Bargains  
in  
ENAMELED WARE  
for the next  
**TEN DAYS**

A Large Stock of  
Preserving Kettles  
as the  
Preserving Season  
is  
JUST STARTING

A Chance of a Life  
Time

**MCKAY HARDWARE CO.**

Gleichen - - - Alta.

**10 per cent DISCOUNT on all WALL PAPER This Week**

We have now completed our Store, and Stocked with the following Goods:

Wall Paper from 5c. per roll and up

Oils Turps Oil and Varnish Stains  
Burlaps, All Shades Dry Colors  
Kalsomining Colors Varnishes

Wood and Furniture Polishers  
Ready Mixed Paints We Carry Everything  
for House Decorating

OUR PRICES TO SUIT OUR CUSTOMERS

**ARIAL & SON**

Painters, Decorators and Paper Hangers

Advertise in The Call

**OSLER & STUART**

Builders and Contractors

Queenstown - - - Alta.

Box 61, Gleichen

**TOWN AND DISTRICT**

The Institute Sports on August 1st are sure to be a success if you give your support.

Mrs. D. C. Wishart and Master Roy left last week to visit friends for a couple of weeks at the coast.

At Cluny, on Sunday, July 23rd, a son was born to Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Taylor. Congratulations to the three of them.

F. C. Vigar, J. P., is spending a short time in British Columbia and is thinking of locating there permanently.

It is reported that the Namaka Trading Co. has changed hands and that a new firm will put in a full stock of general merchandise.

Mayor Mike Brown was down Namaka a couple of times the past week and reports the crops in that vicinity better this year than ever.

Mrs. W. J. McCammon returned Tuesday from Winnipeg, where she spent the past two weeks visiting her mother. "Mack" is already gaining weight.

Ben Wishart spent a day in town last week and stated that he desired it to be known that the report that the Namaka Farm had suffered from hail was false as no damage had resulted in that vicinity.

On Wednesday evening of last week a fire occurred in Richard Shores home at Queenstown, totally destroying his residence and furniture, fortunately his stables and grain were not affected. The loss is a severe one to Mr. Shore, especially as harvesting is drawing near.

J. A. E. Beaupre, Gleichen's most ancient merchant, returned Tuesday from Winnipeg, after spending a couple of weeks in that city at the annual fair. It is sixteen years since Mr. Beaupre last visited Winnipeg and he noted wonderful changes in that time and spent a delightful and well-earned holiday.

John Brogg, with his wife and children arrived from Rosebud creek on Monday and left for home again Tuesday morning. Mr. Brogg is generally acknowledged as a prominent rancher, and the Call reporter was somewhat surprised to see the number of plowshares he was taking home. The farmers evidently are making some converts.

H. Scott instead of applying to the Provincial Legislature for assistance put in a couple of small bridges done some grading and with a little more work will have a good road on the south side of the track to Stobart, which certainly will prove a great benefit to all travellers. He claims that it is about as cheap and much easier to do the work than spend the time necessary to get the government in motion.

Help yourself by helping others to help the Institute sports.

The Call readers must expect to pay more for sugar shortly. During the past two weeks this staple article has advanced 30 cents per hundred in wholesale circles, the retailers here in Gleichen say they are holding down the price as long as possible but a jump may be expected any day.

Theo. Shultze brought to town last week the largest mushroom we have seen this year and took it up to R. S. Stockton, C. P. R., superintendent of operations at Strathmore. He picked the mushroom on the banks of the irrigation canal four miles north of Gleichen and the Call reporter had it weighed and measured at McCammon & Ramsay's store. It weighed one and three-quarter pounds and measured over 30 inches around and 13 inches over. The stalk was seven inches around and six inches long.

A. G. Edwards, of Cluny, returned Tuesday from a trip through Montana, Idaho, Utah, Nebraska, Colorado and Iowa, returning by way of Minnesota, Dakota and Saskatchewan. He states that the crop prospects in some of the states are promising; but in Iowa and South Dakota everything is completely burnt up, and, without doubt, the best crops through the whole of the territory visited, he saw on returning to Gleichen. Mr. Edwards has purchased some splendid stock for his ranch, including Belgians, Percherons and English Shires and expects a carload within a day or two.

**NOTICE**

TENDERS will be received up to JULY 24th, 1911, for the building of a SCHOOL HOUSE known as the "Rural" School District, No. 224. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Call Office, Gleichen. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. K. CRAPO, Secretary

**MISCELLANEOUS**

Small Ads under this heading cost 50 cents for first insertion and 40 cents for each subsequent insertion. Unless the number of issues are given with each order ads are left in until ordered out and charged for in full.

ESTRAY—One Sorrel MARE and one dark Brown MARE, both branded on right shoulder, July 17, 1911. J. H. Walker, Sec. 22-23-24, Gleichen. 21

REWARD—\$20.00 will be paid for information leading to the recovery of the following horses: One light buckskin Mule, with halter, branded 3g on left shoulder and left hip. One sorrel gelding, four years old; one roan filly, two-year-old; one bay gelding, two-year-old. All three branded "R" on right hip. Last seen on Saturday, July 8th, between Gleichen and Cluny travelling west. Apply to L. B. Rutledge, Bassano. 21

FOR SALE—Good Six Roomed HOUSE, newly decorated, good drilled Well, Stabling for seven Horses, Chicken House. On Two Lots all fenced. Cheap for quick Sale. Terms of Cash. Apply, the Call Office. 21

ESTRAY—One Sorrel MARE, 5 years old, weighing about 1200 pounds, and one brown Mare, 3 years old weighing about 1100 pounds both wearing halters, and branded "R" on right shoulder. W. W. Ferguson, Sec. 21-22 miles north-west. 17

WANTED a TEACHER for Liberty School District No. 100, duties to commence August 1st, 1911. Apply, stating experience and salary required to D. H. Shaw, Sec. Trans., Liberty, Alta. 19

\$100.00 REWARD for the recovery of a Grey Gelding, weight about 1100 lbs., branded diamond and a straight bar (J) on the left shoulder. Write M. A. D., the Call Office 1611

ESTRAY—One light grey Gelding, weight about 1300 lbs., no brand visible, aged. One iron grey, about 1100 lbs., about 4 or 5 years old, branded, indistinctly on left shoulder. Apply to Duncan McLean, sec. 16, 23, 24, Namaka. 18

FOR SALE—Small bunch of Cattle, Durham Cows and two yearling calves, all of good quality. Apply or address F. E. Renaud, Gleichen. 18

ESTRAY—Two Bay COLTS, branded 55 on right shoulder. Mare and horse; will be year old about June. \$5 Reward for return to W. Mayes, Gleichen. 14

ESTRAY—Bay HORSE, white face, branded on right shoulder. Sorrel Pony branded on right jaw. \$10 Reward for recovery. Apply O. Desjardins, Gleichen. 23

FOR SALE—One Horse TENT 25 x 25, 6 ft. wall 12oz. duck. Cheap for cash. Apply T. H. Beach. 23

LOST—Monday a COAT, grey color, with brown collar, worn on the irrigation telephone line and Gleichen. Reward of \$50 return to Palace Hotel. 23

Good Two-year-old Oats For Sale. Call and get prices from J. M. Telford, Gleichen. 23

**The Pony Express**

Dad and Shorty,  
Proprietors

**COAL and DRAYING**

and any other Old Thing you want we are prepared to Supply or Do

We Furnish the Best Coal  
at LOWEST PRICES

Just Send Word to Dad and Shorty and IT will be done in Gleichen

Phone 10

**"GET THE HABIT"**

Of Trading at the BUSY STORE where you can "Always get what You want, when You want it."

We are after New Business. Our aim is to Secure Yours, if you do not now favor us with same. Steady growth has marked our trail since coming to Gleichen, and now we face our Third Year. Help us to MAKE IT A RECORD

**MIDSUMMER GOODS**

Now are in demand. Straw and Linen Hats from 15c. up. Cool Summer Underwear for Men 25c per garment up. Hosiery for men 12½c. per pair up. An elegant assortment of Men's Shirts from 75c. up.

Ladies' Waists from 75c. up, also choice range of Ladies' Whitewear. Children's dresses from 75c. up. Boys' Blouses and Linen Suits from 30c. up.

Midsummer Clothing for Men is now moving rapidly, our success with Semi-Ready Clothing this season, both in specials and stock, has been away beyond our expectations. Correct clothing at popular prices brings the people. Carhart's Overhauls always in stock in full assortment of sizes 32 to 48 waists.

The Fruit Season now in its height. Your special orders will be looked after promptly by

**McCammon and Ramsay**  
"THE BUSY STORE"

**"The Bargain Store"**

Is still SELLING their Goods at

-o- Greatly Reduced Sacrifice Prices -o-

Our Stock of Merchandise is Unequalled for Quality and Selection  
**Drapery! Clothing! Grocery!**  
Everything You Want at Lowest Prices to Suit All Buyers

You Will Find it WORTH YOUR WHILE to Visit

**J. A. E BEAUPRE'S**  
Great Bargain Store

**PUBLIC AUCTION SALE**

At Burr's Horse Exchange, Gleichen,

**August 10th and 11th**

Ryan & Fares and J. W. Burr & Co. will Sell

**700 HEAD OF HORSES 700**

200 Mares and Colts also 100 Saddle Horses, ranging in age from 4 to 7 years  
200 head Unbroken Geldings and Dry Mares Weight 1100 to 1400 lbs. Ages from 4 to 8  
50 to 100 head broke and unbroken Mexican and Native Mules  
A number of Heavy Broke Teams, suitable for heavy work or teaming, also  
25 head Registered Clyde and Percheron Mares. Weight from 1400 to 1700 lbs. for full-grown stuff, a few 1 and 2 year-olds from prize winning and imported dams and sires  
1 registered Trotting Horse "Bruce Brino" (45084) American Trotting Register  
Single and Double Drivers, a pair Fast Pacers

The Sale Starts at 12 o'clock, noon, on August 10th and continues until the 11th at 6 p.m.

**Terms of Sale: Cash,** unless Terms are otherwise Arranged before or during the date of Sale

Upon Request Purchasers will be Supplied with Cars for Shipping

Ryan & Fares, Winnipeg, Man.

J. W. Burr & Co., Gleichen, Alta.